#### **JOINT APPLICATION FOR PERMITS**

#### U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS - IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES - IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF LANDS

Authorities: The Department of Army Corps of Engineers (Corps), Idaho Department of Water Resources (IDWR), and Idaho Department of Lands (IDL) established a joint process for activities impacting jurisdictional waterways that require review and/or approval of both the Corps and State of Idaho. Department of Army permits are required by Section 10 of the Rivers & Harbors Act of 1899 for any structure(s) or work in or affecting navigable waters of the United States and by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act for the discharge of dredged or fill materials into waters of the United States, including adjacent wetlands. State permits are required under the State of Idaho, Stream Protection Act (Title 42, Chapter 38, Idaho Code and Lake Protection Act (Section 58, Chapter 13 et seq., Idaho Code). In addition the information will be used to determine compliance with Section 401 of the Clean Water Act by the appropriate State, Tribal or Federal entity.

Joint Application: Information provided on this application will be used in evaluating the proposed activities. Disclosure of requested information is voluntary. Failure to supply the requested information may delay processing and issuance of the appropriate permit or authorization. Applicant will need to send a completed application, along with one (1) set of legible, black and white (8½"x11"), reproducible drawings that illustrate the location and character of the proposed project / activities to both the Corps and the State of Idaho.

See Instruction Guide for assistance with Application. Accurate submission of requested information can prevent delays in reviewing and permitting your application. Drawings including vicinity maps, plan-view and section-view drawings must be submitted on 8-1/2 x 11 papers.

Do not start work until you have received all required permits from both the Corps and the State of Idaho

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USACE NWW-	Date Re	ceived:		☐ Inco	mplete App	lication Returned	Date Re	eturned:	0.500
Idaho Department of Water Resources No.	Date Re	ceived:		Fee DA1	Received E:		Receipt	Receipt No.:	
Idaho Department of Lands No.	Date Re	ceived:		Fee Received Receipt No.:  DATE:					
			n Profesion	ANYCROS REPORTED THE STATE OF T					
1. CONTACT INFORMATION - APPLICA	ANT Requi	red:	M 38111	2. CONT	ACT INFO	RMATION - AGENT:	Maria Established		
Name: BRIAN HIRSCHI			E1	Name: BRYCE	A CONT	OR		10.00	
Company: BLH PROPERTIES LLC & BRIAN HIRSCHI				Company ROCKY		NV. ASSOC. INC.			10 303 119
Mailing Address: 1217 S. BEAR LAKE BLVD.				Mailing A 482 CO		ION WAY STE 30	3		
City: GARDEN CITY		State: UT	Zip Code: 84028	City: IDAHO FALLS			State: 1D	Zip Code: 83402	
Phone Number (include area code): 435-757-4399	E-mail: brianhin	E-mal: brianhirschi@hotmail.com		Phone Number (include area code): 208-524-2353 xt 109		E-mail: bryce.rmea@gmail.com			
3. PROJECT NAME or TITLE: BLH PRO	PERTIES	LLC		4. PROJ	ECT STRE	ET ADDRESS: 535 1	EAST SH	ORE RD	01.0000 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —
5. PROJECT COUNTY: BEAR LAKE	6. PROJE	CT CITY: ST CHA	ARLES	7. PROJECT ZIP CODE: 83272		8. NEAREST WATERWAY/WATERBODY: BEAR LAKE			
9. TAX PARCEL ID#: RP15S44E245850	10. LATITI	UDE: ITUDE:	42.10 -111.26	11a. 1/4: NE	11b. 1/4: SW	11c, SECTION: 24	11d. TOW 15	NSHIP:	11e RANGE 44E
12a. ESTIMATED START DATE: 3/1/2023	12b. EST	IMATED ENI (ongo		13a. IS PROJECT LOCATED WITHIN ESTABLISHED TRIBAL RESERVATION BOUNDARIES?  NO YES Tribe:				ATION BOUNDARIES?	
13b. IS PROJECT LOCATED IN LISTED ESA	AREA?	X NO	YES	13c. IS PRO	JECT LOCA	ATED ON/NEAR HISTOR	RICAL SITE?	X NO	YES
14. DIRECTIONS TO PROJECT SITE:	Include vici	nity map wit	h legible crossroads,	street num	bers, name	s, landmarks.			
From St. Charles Idaho proceed east, following signs to Bear Lake State Park. Beyond the causeway and North Beach area of the State Park, turn south on East Shore Road at the T intersection and travel approximately 3/8 to 1/2 mile to 535 East Shore Road, located on the west (lakeward) side of the road.									
15. PURPOSE and NEED: 🔀 Commercial	15. PURPOSE and NEED: Commercial Industrial Public Private Other								
Describe the reason or purpose of your project, include a brief description of the overall project. Continue to Block 16 to detail each work activity and overall project.									
The project is for activities below the which may be upwards of 2,000 horiz deployed for safety and to facilitate programmer.	ontal feet	from OHW	rith rental and laun M. Clients access	ching of w water's ed	atercraft. ge in their	Applicant delivers own passenger veh	rental equi icles. Ten	ipment to v	water's edge, frastructure is

RECEIVED

Attached.	
17. DESCRIBE ALTERNATIVES CONSIDERED to AVOID or MEASURES TAKEN to MINIMIZI WETLANDS: See Instruction Guide for specific details.	E and/ or COMPENSATE for IMPACTS to WATERS of the UNITED STATES, INCLUDING
Attached.	
Attaclied.	
	30
18. PROPOSED MITIGATION STATEMENT or PLAN: If you believe a mitigation plan is not necopy of your proposed mitigation plan.	eded, provide a statement and your reasoning why a mitigation plan is NOT required. Or, attach a
The proposed vehicle track requires no mitigation plan because it is a tempora action. It neither imports nor removes materials and provides no impact to or quantification under Item 20.	ary activity whose effects will quickly be reworked by natural wind and wave loss of Waters of the United States. This lack of impact is reflected in the
While the quantities of materials described in Item 19 exceed the quantities do in terms of loss of Waters of the United States, and as described above, there	escribed in various Nationwide Permits, those permit quantities all are defined is no loss from the proposed track.
The other activities place objects or activities on the beach or in the water of t materials. Their cumulative impacts are included in Item 20, with calculation	the lake, but do not structurally modify the bed or the beach or move substrate explained in the attachment.
19. TYPE and QUANTITY of MATERIAL(S) to be discharged below the ordinary high water mark and/or wetlands:	20. TYPE and QUANTITY of impacts to waters of the United States, including wetlands:
Dirt or Topsoil: cubic yards	Filling: <u>0</u> acres <u>0</u> sq.ft. <u>0</u> cubic yards
Dredged Material: cubic yards	Backfill & Bedding:0 acres0 sq ft0 cub\c yards
Clean Sand: cubic yards	Land Clearing: 0 acres 0 sq ft. 0 cubic yards
Clay: cubic yards	Dredging: 0 acres 0 sq ft. 0 cubic yards
Gravel, Rock, or Stone: cubic yards  Concrete: cubic yards	Flooding: 0 acres 0 sq ft. 0 cubic yards  Excavation: 0 acres 0 sq ft. 0 cubic yards
Other (describe): Clean sand fr. adjacent : 985 cubic yards	Draining: 0 acres 0 sq ft. 0 cubic yards
Other (describe: cubic yards	Other: Per attached list : 0.00076 acres 33 sq ft. 0 cubic yards
TOTAL: 985 cubic yards	TOTALS: <u>0.00076</u> acres <u>33</u> sq ft. <u>0</u> cubic yards
IWW Form 1145-1/IDWR 3804-B	Page 2 of 4

16. DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF <u>EACH ACTIVITY</u> WITHIN OVERALL PROJECT. Specifically indicate portions that take place within waters of the United States, including wetlands: Include dimensions; equipment, construction, methods; erosion, sediment and turbidity controls; hydrological changes: general stream/surface water flows, estimated winter/summer flows; borrow sources, disposal locations etc.:

21. HAVE ANY WORK AC	TIVITIES STARTED ON THIS PROJECT? NO	X YES Hy	es, describe ALL work that has occurred including dates.	
	onducted in 2021 and 2022 at this location based of ere not required. Nothing has been started for 202.		iding from verbal and email interaction with Idaho Departm	ent of Lands
22. LIST ALL PREVIOUSL	Y ISSUED PERMIT AUTHORIZATIONS:			
No prior Army Corps of	Engineers permits.			
,,,				
23. X YES, Alteration(s)	are located on Public Trust Lands, Administered by Ida	··· ·		
24. SIZE AND FLOW CAP	ACITY OF BRIDGE/CULVERT and DRAINAGE AREA S		Square Miles	
located. A Floodplain Devel	opment permit and a No-rise Certification may be requin	ed,	floodplain administrator in the local government jsrisdiction in wh	
property, must obtain a Sect See Instruction Guide for fur	RTIFICATION: Pursuant to the Clean Water Act, anyon ion 401 Water Quality Certification (WQC) from the appr ther clarification and all confact information.  requested by IDEQ and/or EPA concerning the proposes	ropriate water quality certi		er on private or public
NO X YES Is a	pplicant willing to assume that the affected waterbody is applicant have water quality data relevant to determin be applicant willing to collect the data needed to determin	high quality? ing whether the affected t	waterbody is high quality or not?	
	PRACTICTES (BMP's): List the Best Management Pra alternatives should be considered - treatment or otherw		practices that you will use to minimize impacts on water quality a which will minimize degrading water quality	nd anti-degradation
Track will end where     Hydration flows for track     Pickup trucks used for     No more than three     Pickup fuel tanks of	ate or maintain track, and tillage to control invasive natural capillary action provides a firm sand base, tack maintenance will be controlled so that surface refueling will adhere to the National Fire Code and e pickup trucks with fuel tanks will be deployed at will be commercially-manufactured, double-walled	typically in the range of flow does not reach want to the following practions time below the OF	f ~ 50 feet landward from water's edge. ster's edge. tices: IWM	
d) Fuel will be transfee) Tanks will not be for the following that could g) Each pickup truck h) Each tank/pump/hi) Each tank/pump/hi	e pickup fuel tanks will occur above OHWM.  erred to watercraft using an automatic-shutoff nozz  topped off" or "burped;" fuel transfer will stop wh  facilitate unattended fuel transfer will be removed  will carry a fire extinguisher, spill kit including a  sose assembly will be inspected daily by Applicant's  ose assembly will be supplied by a qualified distrit  tical given the confines of littoral extension lines, f	en triggered by the auto from nozzles. flexible floating boom a s personnel. A written outor of petroleum disp	omatic shutoff.  and absorbent pads, and secondary containment for nozzle of log will be maintained at the site office.  ensing equipment.	& hose.
Through the 401 Certification	n process, water quality certification will stipulate minimu	rm management practices	s needed to prevent degradation.	
-	tream, river, lake, reservoir, including shoreline: Attach		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Activity	Name of Water Body	Intermittent Perennial	Description of Impact and Dimensions	Impact Length Linear Feet
Buoys and Mooring	Bear Lake	Perennial	22 anchor weights 0.8 ft x 0.8 ft	18
Mooring chains	Bear Lake	Perennial	2 chains x 50 ft long	100
Water toys	Bear Lake	Perential	12 anchor weights 0.8 ft x 0.8 ft	10
Pionic table in water	Bear Lake	Perennial	4 tire prints 0.8 ft x 0.4 ft plus 1 jack-pad print 0.25 ft x 0.25 ft	3.5
			TOTAL STREAM IMPACTS (Linear Feet):	131.5
28. LIST EACH WETLAND II	MPACT include mechanized clearing, fill. excavation, flo	od, drainage, etc. Attach	site map with each impact location.	
Activity	Wetland Type: Emergent, Forested, Scrub/Shrub	Distance to Water Body (linear ft)	Description of Impact Purpose: road crossing, compound, culvert, etc.	Impact Length (acres, square ft linear ft
none)				
		576		
			TOTAL WETLAND IMPACTS (Square Feet):	

			<del></del>		
29. ADJACENT PROPERTY OWNERS N	IOTIFICATION REQUIREM: 1	Provide contact inform	ation of ALL adjacent property owners below.		
Name: JONES LAKE FRONT LLC			Name: HEMMERT DWIGHT ETAL		
Mailing Address: 1455 WEBB LN			Mailing Address: PO BOX 84		
City: KAYSVILLE	State: UT	Zip Code: 84037	City: ST CHARLES	State: ID	Zip Code: 83272
Phone Number (trockeds area cods):	E-mail:		Phone Number (Include area code);	E-mail:	
Name: HEMMERT HOT SPRINGS INC	Ĉ		Name:		
Mailing Address: 1309 E 2100 N			Mailing Address:		
Cily: LOGAN	State: UT	Zip Code: 84341	City:	State:	Zip Code:
Phone Number (include area code):	E-mail:		Phone Number (Include area code);	E-mail:	
Name:			Name:		
Mailing Address:			Mailing Address:		
City:	State:	Zip Code:	City:	State:	Zip Code:
Phone Number (notate area code):	E-mail;		Phone Number (Include area code):	E-mail:	
Name:			Name:		
Mailing Address:			Malling Address:		
City:	State:	Zip Code:	City:	State:	Zip Code:
Phone Number (Include area sodie):	E-mail:		Phone Number (include area code):	E-mail:	
information in this application is o	ermit, or permits, to auti complete and accurate. he applicant (Block 2). I	horize the work de I further certify tha I hereby grant the	scribed in this application and all support of I possess the authority to undertake to agencies to which this application is ma	he work described	herein; or am acting
Signature of Applicant:	BunNu	uih.		3/28/2	023
Signature of Applicant:	Ingre a	Coul	Date: _/	15 Mar	2023
This application must be signed 30). Further, 18 USC Section 10 willfully falsifies, conceals, or co	by the person who desi 001 provides that: "Who overs up any trick, sch	ires to undertake t ever, in any mann eme, or disguises	he proposed activity AND signed by a er within the jurisdiction of any departm s a material fact or makes any false, same to contain any false, fictitious or I	duly authorized ag nent of the United S fictitious, or fraud	gent (see Block 1, 2, States knowingly and Julent statements or

fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned not more than five years or both".

## **Attachments to Joint Application for Permits**

- 1. Map. 1 page.
- 2. Email from US Fish and Wildlife Service. 2 Pages.
- 3. Additional responses for Joint Application for Permits. 11 Pages.
- 4. Area calculation summary. 1 Page.
- 5. Narrative for volume calculations, including profile figures. 8 Pages.





Varin Thomas
Property Located
In Bear Lake County, Idaho

Date: 3/15/2023 Project #: 22-0158

Drawn by: TK



## 535 East Shore Road - Technical Assistance

3 messages

Slaugh, Cody E < cody\_slaugh@fws.gov>

Mon, Oct 24, 2022 at 12:50 PM

To: "alyssa.rmea@gmail.com" <alyssa.rmea@gmail.com> Cc: "Berglund, Laura G" <laura berglund@fws.gov>

The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service received your 10/13/22 letter regarding the 1.2 acre parcel of land located at 535 East Shore Road, St Charles, ID 83272. Based on our understanding of the nature and location of the project, we have not identified any conflicts with any species federally listed as threatened or endangered under the Endangered Species Act.

Thank you for your interest in the conservation of threatened and endangered species. Please contact me if you have any questions or require further information.

Cody Slaugh Fish & Wildlife Biologist, U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service 4425 Burley Drive, Suite A Chubbuck, ID 83202 (970)396-2051

Alyssa DeSmit <alyssa.rmea@gmail.com>
To: Bryce Contor <bry>
bryce.rmea@gmail.com>

Mon, Oct 24, 2022 at 1:12 PM

Hi Bryce, I just received this email from the USFWS! [Quoted text hidden]

## Alyssa DeSmit

Staff Geologist 482 Constitution Way, Ste 303, Idaho Falls, ID 83402 E-Mail: alyssa.rmea@gmail.com VOICE: 208-524-2353 ||| FAX: 208-524-1795



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#### Excelente!

Will you plz file this in the folder :)

Bryce A. Contor Principal Hydrologist Rocky Mountain Environmental Associates, Inc. Idaho Falls, Idaho

208-524-2353 extension 109

(After hours or texts) 208-681-9100

[Quoted text hidden]

Additional Responses for Joint Application for Permits

## Item 13b: Is project located in listed ESA area?

No endangered species per US Fish and Wildlife Service. E-mail attached.

#### Item 13c: Is project located on/near historical site?

Not on or near a historical site per telephone call to State Historical Preservation Office.

## Item 16: Detailed description of each activity

The activities that would occur below the OWHM all are temporary in nature and include:

- A. Vehicle Track and Associated Features/Activities
- a) Loose sand would be seasonally graded to the sides of a vehicle track, to expose a firm base of packed sand for passenger vehicles to access the shoreline band of firm, moist sand that typically is present within approximately 50 feet of water's edge, where passenger vehicles can traverse the sand in its natural condition. At high water levels, the track would be very short or not even needed. At low water levels, its length could approach 2,000 feet or more. The planned track width is 20 feet, with the sand deposited in bands approximately 25 feet wide on either side of the track. Depth of cut would predominantly be in the range of 0.25 feet, with a few sand drifts requiring a cut as deep as approximately two feet.
- b) No material would be removed or imported, and at the end of the season the material would be pushed back approximately to its original location to be reworked by wave and/or wind action.
- c) If requested by regulators, the track could be marked by flexible posts and/or orange traffic cones or pylons, with or without ropes.
- d) A shallow ditch would be constructed at the side of the vehicle track for hydration purposes. The ditch would be approximately 0.5 feet deeper than the track.
- e) Including material excavated from the ditch, depth of deposit predominantly would be in the 0.34 foot range, with deeper cuts requiring deposits up to approximately 2.3 feet.
- f) Total volume at a hypothetical length of 2,190 feet would be approximately1,120 cubic yards of cut, with the entire volume deposited adjacent to the sand track. In most years the length and therefore volume would be less.
- g) No permanent dredge, fill or reconfiguration of the beds of Waters of the US is contemplated.

- h) The track and shallow ditch would be maintained a few times per year, to remove drifted loose sand that would interfere with passenger-vehicle traffic and delivery of hydration water.
- i) Approximately 2,500 gallons per day of clean, potable well water would be applied to the shallow ditch to keep the track hydrated and firm. At lower lake levels, evaporation is great enough that the flow of water in the ditch cannot reach water's edge. At higher lake levels, flow would be reduced to prevent well-water flow from reaching water's edge. At very high lake levels, natural capillary action would keep the sand hydrated and the hydration flows would be unnecessary.
- B Buoys and Mooring.
- j) Up to 10 safety buoys 10 inches in diameter would be placed to mark water depths for safety of boaters, including clients of applicant. These would be anchored with metal weights retrievable without equipment and removed within 30 days after use is discontinued in the fall of each year. The farthest waterward buoys would be placed in approximately six feet of water depth.
- k) Up to eight mooring buoys for watercraft would be placed, anchored with weights removable without equipment and removed within 30 days after use is discontinued in the fall of each year. Water depth at the mooring locations would depend on the configuration of craft to be moored but typically would be less than six feet.
- 1) Two chains with short ropes would be placed to secure personal watercraft. These would be placed in water approximately 18" deep, secured with metal weights removable without equipment and removed within 30 days after use is discontinued in the fall of the year. Ends of the chains would be marked with buoys. Chains would be approximately 50 feet long.

#### C. Water Toys

Three water trampolines would be anchored in approximately 8 feet of water, with metal weights that can be removed without use of equipment. The toys and anchor weights would be retrieved nightly and stored above the OHWM.

## D. Overnight Storage Near OHWM.

Watercraft on trailers, tractor(s) and pickup truck(s) would be stored as near as practicable to, or above, the OHWM, adjacent to or on the applicant's property as mapped by Bear Lake County. Depending on surface conditions and the ability to park vehicles in soft sand, some equipment may be below the OHWM and some may be beyond applicant's property.

## E. Water's edge activities:

- m) A staging area would be established for safety and convenience of clients and personnel. The enclosed area would be 100 feet by 200 feet. The items would be retrieved within 30 days of the end of use at the end of each season. Staging-area items would be below the OHWM and above the water line. These items include:
  - Flexible posts and/or traffic cones or pylons, possibly with ropes, to delineate the staging area.
  - ii) Enclosed trailer.
  - iii) Picnic table.
  - iv) Shade canopy anchored with weights.
  - v) Placement of trailer(s) for storage of non-motorized watercraft during the daytime.
- n) The following temporary activities would be conducted in the water or near water's edge, removed nightly to the overnight storage area described above:
  - i) Launching of water craft from trailers towed by tractors to the minimum depth necessary for a safe launch.
  - ii) Fueling of watercraft compliant with National Fire Code regulations for commercial marinas. This would be accomplished with portable fuel tanks in pickup trucks, with spill kits carried in the vehicles.
  - iii) Daytime placement of a picnic table on a trailer in shallow waters (approximately three feet deep), as a place to stage personnel in close proximity to boats and activities for the safety of clients.
- F. Mechanical tillage would be used to control invasive plant species and maintain a clean beach. A secondary effect of this activity would be to reduce the depth and extent of dunes, thereby reducing the volume of material that must be removed to establish a track for passenger vehicles.

Additional activities on private land above the OHWM are not part of the Joint Application for Permits. The following descriptions are provided in order to fully characterize the Overall Project:

- G. Rental transactions and collection of payment would occur at the facility:
  - o) Watercraft to be deployed from littoral adjacent to Applicant's property as described above:
  - p) Watercraft to be transported by clients to other locations for launch and use elsewhere.
- H. Sale of snacks, drinks and small items.
- K. Client parking would be provided.
- L. Restrooms would be provided for clients.
- M. Bulk storage of fuel would occur within secondary containment.

#### Nationwide Permits Considered for the Above Activities Include

#### A. Vehicle Track and Associated Features/Activities

NWP-14 Linear Transportation Projects. This Permit can authorize "roads, highways, trails, driveways, airport runways and taxiways." The proposed activity is most like a trail or a road. The Permit has a limit of 1/2 acre of loss of the Waters of the United States. While the area of temporary disturbance exceeds 1/2 acre, there is no loss because there is no permanent effect and no removal or importation of materials, and no change in lakebed elevation after recovery.

NWP-18 Minor Discharges. This Permit is not applicable because the proposed volumes exceed the limit of the Permit.

NWP-19 Minor Dredging. This Permit is not applicable because it requires removal of the dredged materials to upland areas, which would be more impactful than the proposed activity.

NWP-36 Boat Ramps. This Permit is not applicable because it requires importation of "crushed stone, gravel or other suitable material," because the proposed track would not reach water's edge, and because it would not be used for launching boats.

NWP-39 Commercial and Institutional Developments. This Permit appears to authorize activities associated with permanent structures, which are not contemplated for the proposed project.

No Nationwide Permit was identified for application of hydration water to the track. Because the hydration water would not reach the lake and because it would be clean, potable well water, it has no resource impact and therefore it is presumed that a specific Nationwide Permit is not needed.

#### B Buoys and Mooring

NWP-11 Temporary Recreational Structures. This Permit can authorize temporary buoys for seasonal use, which must be removed within 30 days after use has been discontinued.

## C. Water Toys

NWP-11 Temporary Recreational Structures. This Permit can authorize small floating docks and similar structures placed for recreational use, which must be removed within 30 days after use has been discontinued.

#### D. Overnight Storage Near OHWM.

Because this activity would occur distant from the water's edge, with no surface

disturbance except for tire tracks, it is presumed that a specific Nationwide Permit is not needed.

## E. Water's edge activities

Those activities that would place anchors, a canopy, trailers or posts/cones/pylons on the surface appear to be compatible with NWP-11 Temporary Recreational Structures, including its specific authorization for markers, to be removed within 30 days after use has been discontinued.

F. Mechanical tillage to control invasive plant species.

NWP-27 Aquatic Habitat Restoration. This Permit authorizes mechanized land clearing to remove non-native, invasive, exotic, or nuisance vegetation. There is not a listed acreage limitation.

## Item 17: Alternatives considered or measures taken to minimize or compensate for impacts

#### A. Vehicle Track and Associated Features/Activities

#### a) No-Action Alternative

Field reconnaissance in October 2022 confirmed that beach access would be impossible in a passenger vehicle; even in a large four-wheel drive pickup truck with oversize tires, access was difficult in areas of the deepest wind-blown dunes. The no-action option is rejected because it would work a hardship on guests, especially those with disabilities, by requiring them to walk up to approximately 2,000 feet, depending on lake water levels. Some of this walking would be in loose, soft sand.

An additional disadvantage to this alternative is that it would limit access by emergency personnel.

#### b) Permanent-Construction Alternative

October 2022 field reconnaissance at a nearby site confirmed that permanent roadways constructed of road base and gravel do allow access to the capillary-wetted sand near water's edge with a two-wheel drive car-based crossover vehicle, and that the near-water sand can be traversed in a passenger car even without grooming or construction.

Nevertheless, the option of a permanent road is rejected because it would create permanent and unnecessary impacts to the Waters of the United States.

#### c) Measures Taken

Terminating the track away from water's edge would minimize the potential of release of sediments into the water and would minimize the total area of disturbance. Limiting track maintenance and shaping activities to times of low wind would minimize dust problems for adjoining areas.

The proposed profile of the track provides topographic relief that is less abrupt than naturally-occurring wave- and wind-formed dunes, and therefore minimizes potential effects to persons recreating with wheeled vehicles.

The proposed mechanical control of invasive vegetation would reduce the number, extent and depth of dunes that would need to treated in shaping the track. Limiting control to times of low wind would minimize potential effects of dust.

The use of clean, potable well water for track hydration minimizes the potential for water-quality impacts to the lake.

#### d) No-Posts/Marking Alternative

Because the topographic relief of the proposed track is less abrupt than nearby naturally-occurring topographic relief, a regulatory decision not to require marking of the track would be acceptable.

#### e) No-Hydration Alternative

The alternative of not hydrating the track is rejected because it would require more frequent reshaping of the track, deeper cuts, and larger placement volumes of moved sand.

## B Buoys and Mooring

The alternative of not placing safety buoys is rejected for safety reasons. A primary concern is injury of persons in boats that run aground. A secondary concern is the release of debris and potentially of fluids from damaged watercraft.

The alternative to mooring is to significantly increase the number of launching and retrieval excursions into the water. This alternative is rejected because it appears to be more impactful to the resource than the proposed action.

#### C. Water Toys

The alternative of providing permanently-constructed or affixed water toys is rejected as it is more impactful to the resource than the proposed action.

The No-Water-Toys alternative is rejected because the proposed activity provides only *de minimis* impact to the resource.

#### D. Overnight Storage Near OHWM.

The alternative of storing equipment overnight near water's edge is rejected for safety reasons; equipment not seen by operators could be a collision hazard for wheeled vehicles operating in the dark.

The alternative of storing equipment above the OHWM also is rejected for safety reasons; the last few feet of the path to the alternate storage area is steep, and traversing it with a tow vehicle with wet brakes is unsafe.

#### E. Water's edge activities:

f) The alternative of not delineating a staging area is rejected for safety reasons; clients or members of the public who are not clients could inadvertently walk or drive into harm's way if the area were not delineated and clearly marked. Additionally, vehicles entering the staging area would threaten the safety of clients and personnel within the area.

- g) The alternative of having no storage trailer, shelter or on-shore picnic table is rejected because of impacts to the comfort and health of clients and personnel.
- h) The alternative of fueling watercraft with hand-carried portable gasoline cans is rejected due to the awkwardness of handling and operating the cans. This would increase the likelihood of a spill, with its attendant water-quality and fire-hazard hazards.
- i) The alternative of transporting watercraft to uplands for refueling is rejected for the following reasons:
  - i) It would increase the traffic across the beach and therefore opportunities for both accidents and impact to the resource.
  - ii) It would require repeated navigation of the steep section of path discussed above, with vehicles with wet brakes. This would be an additional unnecessary safety hazard.
  - iii) Because of the time required to transport watercraft to the uplands and back from water's edge multiple times per day, the overnight storage area and perhaps mooring areas would need to be larger to accommodate the greater number of watercraft needed to provide service to clients.
- j) The alternative to launching watercraft with a tractor is a constructed, hard-surfaced boat ramp that would allow launching with a highway vehicle. Given the gentle slope of the beach and the length of structure that would be required to accommodate changing water levels, this alternative is rejected as too impactful to the lakebed.
- k) The alternative to placing a picnic table in shallow water is to keep personnel farther from clients and boats. This is rejected for safety reasons; personnel would not be able to be effective in monitoring, coaching and assisting clients.
- F. Mechanical tillage
- One alternative to mechanical tillage is to spray invasive plant species with herbicides.
   This is rejected because of potential impacts to water quality and to terrestrial, avian and aquatic animal species.
- m) The No-Action alternative is rejected because it would fail to control invasive plant species, and because it would cause an increase in the amount of sand to be moved to create and maintain the track for passenger vehicles. The No-Action alternative also is rejected because it would allow hummocks, rough topography and visibility-blocking vegetative screens to develop as observed on adjacent beach areas, negatively impacting the safety of wheeled-vehicle recreationalists.

## Item 20: Type and Quantity of Impacts

Table 1 lists the activities that would not result in disturbance waterward of water's edge, or would not result in objects remaining in the water for more than a few minutes. Table 2 describes activities that could result in disturbance or placement of objects in the water.

Letter Code	Activity	No.	Length (ft)	Width (ft)	Total Area (ft²)	Area (acres)	Volume (cubic yards)	Impact?	Loss?	Discussion/Rationale
A	Cumulative cut volume for track and ditch.	1					-1,120	N	N	No impact or loss because all activity is well above and distant from water line, and sand will be reworked by natural wind and wave action after end-of-season regrading.
A	Cumulative fill volume in adjacent deposit areas.	1					1,120	N	N	•
Α	Deposit sand pushed from track		2,190	50	109,500	2.5		N	N	Widths include slopes to adjacent surfaces. Track itself is 20 feet wide. No impact or loss because all activity is well above and distant from water line, and sand will be reworked by natural wind and wave action after end-of-season regrading.
A	Shallow ditch & adjacent work area	1	2,190	15	32,850	0.75		N	N	10
A	Track for client passenger vehicles	1	2,190	25	54,750	1.3		N	N	41
D	Overnight storage above or near OHWM	1	35	488	17,080	0.39		N	N	No impact or loss because all activity is well above and distant from water line, and there will be no excavation, grading or manipulation of surface other than tire tracks. Width is property width less 15' buffer on each side.

Letter Code	Activity	No.	Length (ft)	Width (ft)	Total Area (ft²)	Area (acres)	Volume (cubic yards)	Impact?	Loss?	Discussion/Rationale
E.m	Staging area	1	200	100	20,000	0,46		N	N	No impact or loss because all activity is above water's edge, and there will be no excavation, grading or manipulation of surface other than tire tracks, object footprints and placement of weights to secure canopy.
E.n.i	Launching of watercraft							N	N	Trailers will enter and exit the water during launching but will not remain in the water or be parked in water.
E.n.ii	Fueling of watercraft							N	N	Fueling vehicles will not remain in the water.
F	Mechanical Tillage	1	2,190	488	1,068.720	25		N	N	No impact or loss because all activity is above water's edge, and because natural wind and wave action will rework the surface. Width is property width less 25' buffer on each side.

Letter Code	Activity	No.	Length (ft)	Width (ft)	Total Area (ft²)	Area (acres)	Volume (cubic yards)	Impact?	Loss?	Discussion/Rationale
В	Anchors for safety bouys	10	0.8	0.8	6.4	0.00015		Y	N	Considered an impact because of presence in the water. Not a loss because it is non-permanent and has only de mimimis effect.
В	Bouys for chains	4	0.8	0.8	2.6	0.000059		Y	N	II.
В	Chains	2	50	0.1	10.0	0.00023		Y	N	1t
В	Mooring bouys	8	0.8	0.8	5.1	0.00012		Y	N	41
C	Water-toy anchors	12	0.8	0.8	7.7	0.00018		Y	N	*1
E.n.iii	Picnic-table trailer tire prints	4	0.8	0.4	1.3	0.000029		Y	N	*
E.n.iii	Jack-post print for picnic-table trailer	1	0.25	0.25	0.06	0.0000014		Y	N	
Total impacts					33	0.00076				

#### **Narrative for Volume Calculations**

Volume calculations were based on two leveling surveys conducted on October 13, 2022, and on the location of the 2004 water line scaled from the 2004 USDA NAIP aerial image. Its elevation was taken to be 5,906 feet.

The leveling surveys used an elevation of 5,910 feet corresponding to water's edge on October 13th. One leveling survey was taken along the approximate alignment of the proposed sand track, with care only to place the rod at locations not affected by dunes. It was designated the "Base" profile. The "Dune Surface" leveling survey was conducted a few tens of feet south of the "Base" profile location, with an attempt to place the rod at high points, low points and inflection points, in order to characterize the nature of the dunes. It was run far enough south of the "Base" profile to avoid influence of prior human action along that alignment. This did put the east end of the profile in an area of exaggerated dunes due to the presence of invasive vegetation, but an adjustment was made to avoid biasing the results, as explained below.

Profile Figure 1 (attached) shows the two measured profiles, with approximately 20:1 vertical exaggeration. No adjustment is reflected in Profile Figure 1 except for the line of asterisks showing where the adjustment was applied. The winter to summer changes in water level are small relative to year-to-year variations, so Profile Figure 1 approximately shows the 2004 elevation as the low elevation and the administrative OHWM elevation as the high elevation.

Profile Figure 02 and Profile Figure 3 respectively illustrate the "Typical" cross-sectional profile with a proposed 0.25-foot cut, a more aggressive "Moderate" profile with a 1.0-foot cut, and an "Extreme" profile with a 2.0-foot cut. Table 1, Table 2 and Table 3 correspond to Profile Figure 2 and Profile Figure 3, and provide the cross-sectional area calculations for each cross-section option. These use a rectangular calculation at each point.

For each option, the height of fill was adjusted to accommodate the material developed by the cut, within rounding error, so that the net cross sectional area of each option approached zero. This implies lateral transport of material only, with no longitudinal transport. The slight differences in cut and fill cross sectional areas are artifacts of calculation; in reality, they would be exactly equal.

Table 1: Cross-sectional Calculations for Typical Cut

Distance from Left (ft)	Depth (ft)	Width	Cut Area (ft²)	Fill Area (ft²)
0	0	2.5		0
5	-0.17	5		-0.85
10	-0.34	5		-1.7
15	-0.34	5		-1.7
20	-0.34	5		-1.7
25	-0.045	5		-0.225
30	0.25	5	1.25	
35	0.25	5	1.25	
50	0.25	5	1.25	
55	0.75	5	3.75	

Distance from Left (ft)	Depth (ft)	Width	Cut Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )	Fill Area (ft²)
60	0.25	5	1.25	
65	0.25	5	1.25	
70	-0.045	5		-0.45
75	-0.34	5		-3.4
80	-0.34	5		-3.4
85	-0.34	5		-3.4
90	-0.17	5		6.8
95	0	0.25		0
	Sum		10	-10.025

Table 2: Cross-sectional Calculations for Moderate Cut

Distance from Left (ft)	Depth (ft)	Width	Cut Area (ft²)	Fill Area (ft²)
0	0	2.5		0
5	-0.575	5		-2.875
10	-1.15	5		-5.75
15	-1.15	5		-5.75
20	-1.15	5		-5.75
25	-0.075	5		-0.375
30	1	5	5	
35	1	5	5	
50	1	5	5	
55	1.5	5	7.5	
60	1	5	5	
65	1	5	5	
70	-0.075	5		-0.75
75	-1.15	5		-11.5
80	-1.15	5		-11.5
85	-1.15	5		-11.5
90	-0.575	5		23
95	0	0.25		0
	Sum		32.5	-32.75

Table 3: Cross-sectional Calculations for Extreme Cut

Distance from Left (ft)	Depth (ft)	Width	Cut Area (ft²)	Fill Area (ft²)
0	0	2.5		0
5	-1.15	5		-5.75
10	-2.3	5		-11.5
15	-2.3	5		-11.5
20	-2.3	5		-11.5
25	-0.15	5		-0.75
30	2	5	10	
35	2	5	10	
50	2	5	10	
55	2.5	5	12.5	
60	2	5	10	

Distance from Left (ft)	Depth (ft)	Width	Cut Area (ft²)	Fill Area (ft²)
65	2	5	10	
70	-0.15	5		-1.5
75	-2.3	5	***	-23
80	-2.3	5		-23
85	-2.3	5		-23
90	-1.15	5		46
95	0	0.25		0
	Sum	370000	62.5	-65.5

Using the data underlying Profile Figure 1, at twenty foot increments the difference between the "Base" and "Dune Surface" profiles was assessed, and a determination made of which cross-sectional profile to use. Using the cross-sectional area of the selected profile, the volume for the increment was calculated by multiplying the cross-sectional area by 20 feet. For the range of points flagged with a horizontal line of asterisks in Figure P1, the calculations did not rely on the full measured height of the dunes. This is because the dunes at that location, south of the proposed track, appeared to be enhanced by the presence of invasive vegetation. This is not expected to occur at the proposed track location. Table 4 shows the determinations and volume calculations for the proposed track.

None of the selected points fell at a location where an Extreme cut would be anticipated. This does not mean that such would never occur, but only that it would be rare. Because the intervals were regular, at a spatial increment not expected to correspond to any natural lateral-distance frequency of dune forms, they should be statistically representative and produce a good estimate of total volume.

The volumes of cut or fill individually sum to approximately 26,600 cubic feet or 985 cubic yards. Because material only would be moved laterally, with neither importation nor exportation, the net volume would be zero.

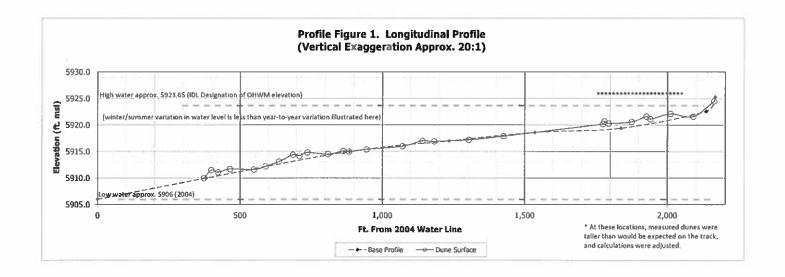
Table 4: Volume Calculations

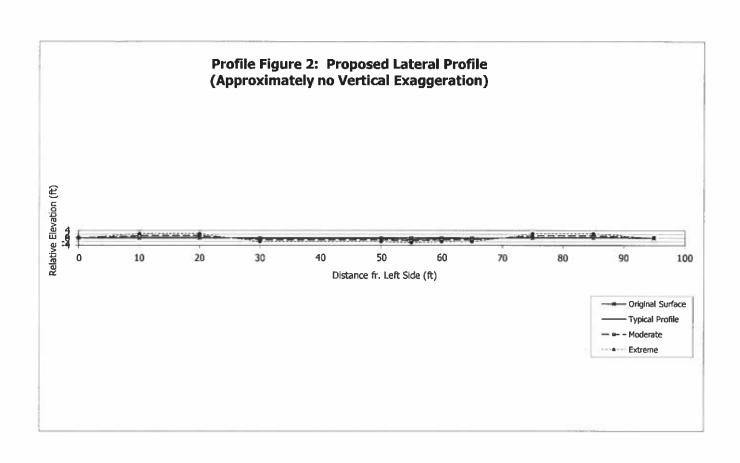
Distance from 2004 Water's Edge (ft)	Estimate of Cut/Fill Depth (ft, to nearest 0.25)	Use This Lateral Profile	Volume of Cut/Fill (cu ft)
360	0	(none)	0
380	0.25	Typical	225.2
400	1	Moderate	752
420	0.75	Moderate	752
440	0.75	Moderate	752
460	0.75	Moderate	752
480	0.5	Typical	225.2
500	0.25	Typical	225.2
520	0.25	Typical	225.2
540	0	Typical	225.2
560	-0.25	Typical	225.2
580	0	Typical	225.2
600	0.25	Typical	225.2

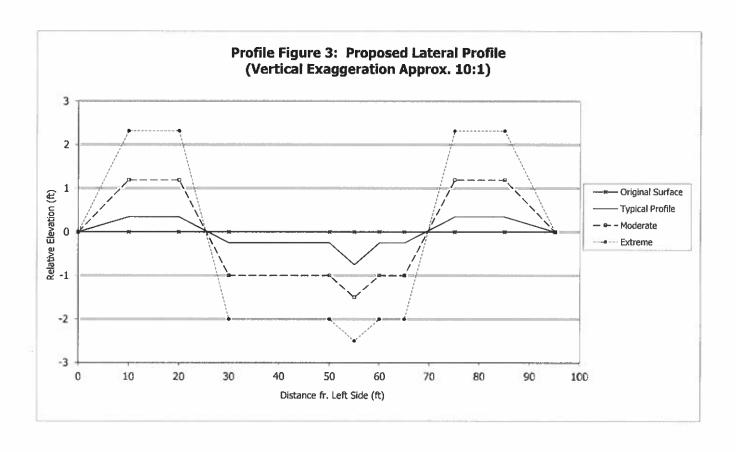
Distance from 2004 Water's Edge (ft)	Estimate of Cut/Fill Depth (ft, to nearest 0.25)	Use This Lateral Profile	Volume of Cut/Fill (cu ft)	
620	0.25	Typical	225.2	
640	0.5	Typical	225.2	
660	1	Moderate	752	
680	1.25	Moderate	752	
700	1	Moderate	752	
720	1	Moderate	752	
740	1	Moderate	752	
760	0.75	Moderate	752	
780	0.5	Typical	225.2	
800	0.25	Typical	225.2	
820	0	Typical	225.2	
840	0.25	Typical	225.2	
860	0.25	Typical	225.2	
880	0	Typical	225.2	
900	0	Typical	225.2	
920	0.25	Typical	225.2	
940	0.5	Typical	225.2	
960	0.5	Typical	225.2	
980	0.5	Typical	225.2	
1,000	0.75	Moderate	752	
1,020	0.25	Moderate	752	
1,040	0.25	Moderate	752	
1,060	0.25	Moderate	752	
1,080	0.25	Moderate	752	
1,100	0	Typical	225.2	
1,120	0.25	Typical	225.2	
1,140	0.5	Typical	225.2	
1,160	0.25	Typical	225.2	
1,180	0.25	Typical	225.2	
1,200	0.25	Typical	225.2	
1,220	0	Typical	225.2	
1,240	0	Typical	225.2	
1,260	0	Typical	225.2	
1,280	0.25	Typical	225.2	
1,300	0.25	Typical	225.2	
1,320	0.25	Typical	225,2	
1,340	0.25	Typical	225.2	
1,360	0.25	Typical	225.2	
1,380	0.25	Typical	225.2	
1,400	0.25	Typical	225.2	
1,420	0.25	Typical	225.2	
1,440	0.25	Typical	225.2	
1,460	0.25	Typical	225.2	
1,480	0.25	Typical	225.2	
1,500	0	Typical	225.2	
1,520	0	Typical	225.2	
1,540	0	Typical	225.2	
1,560	0	Typical	225.2	
1,580	0.25	Typical	225.2	
1,600	0.25		225.2	
1,620	0.25	Typical Typical	225.2	

Distance from 2004 Water's Edge (ft)	Estimate of Cut/Fill Depth (ft, to nearest 0.25)	Use This Lateral Profile	Volume of Cut/Fill (cu ft)
1,640	0.25	Typical	225.2
1,660	0.25	Typical	225.2
1,680	0.25	Typical	225.2
1,700	0.25	Typical	225.2
1,720	0.25	Typical	225.2
1,740	0.5	Typical	225.2
1,760	0.5	Typical	225.2
1,780	1	Moderate	752
1,800	0.5	Typical	225.2
1,820	0.25	Typical	225.2
1,840	0.25	Typical	225.2
1,860	0.25	Typical	225.2
1,880	0.25	Typical	225.2
1,900	0.5	Typical	225.2
1,920	0.75	Moderate	752
1,940	0.5	Typical	225.2
1,960	0.25	Typical	225.2
1,980	0.25	Typical	225.2
2,000	0.5	Typical	225.2
2,020	0.5	Typical	225.2
2,040	0.25	Typical	225.2
2,060	0	Typical	225.2
2,080	-0.25	Typical	225.2
2,100	-0.25	Typical	225.2
2,120	0.25	Typical	225.2
2,140	1	Moderate	752
2,160	1	Moderate	752
2,180	0	(none)	0

This illustrates the case that would occur when water level was low and a long track was needed. At times of higher water levels, the track would be shorter or perhaps not even needed.









June 21, 2023

RMEA Project No. 22-0158

Patrick A. Brown Area Manager Eastern Supervisory Area Idaho Falls Office 3563 E. Ririe Highway Idaho Falls, ID 83401

Re: Revised application for Commercial Non-Navigational Encroachment Permit and accompanying Lease and Easement applications.

Dear Mr. Brown:

I have enclosed with this letter revised and updated application materials on behalf of BLH Properties and Brian Hirschi, in response to your letter dated May 26, 2023. Here is a summary of our updates and changes:

- The maps now depict the IDL-designated OHWM of 5,923.65 feet, based upon a survey we found.
- We have removed the specific reference to mechanical tillage, instead referring generally
  to "weed control." Our understanding is that weed control is to be performed according
  to recommendations of one of the other entities you have referenced in earlier
  communication.
- The narrative more explicitly states that overnight parking and storage will occur only on the privately owned upland parcel.
- Descriptions of other littoral landowners' use of the bed of the lake, as well as references
  to permits issued by Idaho Department of Lands to others for similar or related activities,
  are no longer part of the narrative. We do believe that such could have been useful for
  IDL review, both to provide context and to inform IDL precedent, but per request we
  have removed them.
- I am providing copies of all of the relevant application materials, including the previously-submitted lease and easement applications, so that you do not have to reference prior submissions. The intent is for this package to be comprehensive.

JUN 2 2 2023

Rocky Mountain Environmental Associates, Inc. 482 Constitution Way, Suite 303, Idaho Falls, Idaho 83402 rockymountainenvironmental.com

I acknowledge that there are a couple of ways in which these materials do not strictly conform to all of the requests in your May 26 letter. First, the application materials still include references to modifying the lake of the bed mechanically. Second, as previously referenced, they still include an easement application.

Please understand, we are not including these items in order to be recalcitrant or difficult. As I understand, Mr. Hirschi's attorneys have been in contact with the DAGs for IDL on these issues. We understand that IDL may feel like there are certain items it cannot authorize, but we would like the benefit of a formal decision on those items, rather than removing them from the application materials altogether. We believe there is enough ambiguity in the Lake Protection Act that the Department's analysis of those items will be helpful.

Also, as to your comment regarding fueling, we believe a condition of approval that generally references the requirements of the International Fire Code as adopted by the State of Idaho is appropriate. Since that issue is more the purview of the Department of Insurance and local fire authorities, we do not believe more detail on that issue is necessary in the approvals issued by IDL. In the revised narrative accompanying the Encroachment application, we have retained our earlier clarification that Mr. Hirschi does not intend to ask IDL to issue approvals beyond its jurisdiction, but we have tried to be transparent in discussion of proposed activities.

I believe this constitutes a complete application package. If you feel like there is still information missing that is needed in order to process the applications, please let me know.

Thank you,

Bryce A. Contor

Principal Hydrologist

Byce a. Contor

Attachments: Revised Encroachment Application with supporting materials

Copy of previously-submitted Lease Application

Copy of previously-submitted Easement Application

Copies of Idaho Department of Lands receipts for Lease Application fees, Easement Application fees, and additional Easement Application fees

Application Number	•	
• •		 



# COMMERCIAL/COMMUNITY/NON-NAVIGATIONAL ENCROACHMENT PERMIT APPLICATION

This information sheet and checklist must be completed when submitting an encroachment permit application. Incomplete applications will be returned without processing.  ENCROACHMENT TYPE:
Applicant's Littoral Rights Are:
Leased Signature of littoral rights owner is obtained if applicant is not the owner of the riparian/littoral rights
Provide a Black/White Copy of Each Required Document on 8½"x14" or Smaller Paper:  - County plat map showing both neighboring littoral lots.  - Tax record identifying the owner of the upland parcel(s)  - Lakebed profile with encroachment and water levels of winter and summer  - General vicinity map that allows Department to find the encroachment  - Scaled air photo or map showing lengths of nearby encroachments, distances to adjacent encroachments, and location and orientation of the proposed encroachment.
Are Existing Docks or Other Encroachment(s) Permitted On This Parcel(s)?  [X] - No  - Yes Please attach a current photograph and a "to scale" drawing (see Document
Requirements Above)
Permit # Date of Construction:
What will happen to the existing dock or encroachment if this permit application is approved?  - Remain unchanged
N/A - no existing dock
Please note that old dock materials must be removed from the lake. Discarding these materials creates serious boating safety issues and offenders will be subject to prosecution and penalties.)
How Many Feet Does the Proposed Encroachment Extend Beyond the Ordinary (or Artificial) High Water Mark? feet Proposal is for use approximately 200' into water, plus necessar
The Proposed Dock Length Is:  distance to access water's edge depending on lake levels.
The same or shorter than the two adjacent docks
N/A - Longer than the two adjacent docks
no dock
proposed established by the majority of existing docks in the area.
feet and not located near any other docks or other encroachments.
For Community Docks, Does the Proposed Dock Exceed the Maximum Square Footage of 7 ft <sup>2</sup> per Littoral Front Foot?
For Community Docks, Does the Property Have at Least 50 Feet of Littoral Frontage?  - Yes Total front footage: feet
N/A - No dock proposed. However, littoral frontage is approx. 538 feet for applicant, greater than 538 feet if adjacent community users of Encroachment are considered.
Commercial/Community/Non-navigational Application Page 1 of 2  JUN 2 2 202

Will the Proposed En	croachment Exceed th	he Maximum Width of 10 Feet?
☐ - No ☑ - Yes	If yes, explain why:_	Necessary for two vehicles to meet traveling opposite direction
wiii the Proposed En Lines Established Wi	croacnment be Locat th Your Neighbors?	roposed distances? feet sted neighbor was obtained
Littoral right lines are re perpendicular, or at ri require Department St	ight angles, to the sho aff, or other professio	of the upland property lines. Littoral right lines are generally oreline. Curved shorelines or unusual circumstances may mals, to closely examine littoral right lines and assess the property owners. Attached narrative describes littoral lines.
Brian Hi	rschi	3/28/2023 Date
Printed Name	I	Date
Brian	Juchi-	
Signature of Applicant	or Agent	

## Attachment to Application for Commercial Non-Navigational Encroachment Permit Modified Per Idaho Department of Land Comments

This attachment provides additional information regarding entries in the application form, proposed activities listed in the attachment to the Joint Application for Permits, and a discussion of State of Idaho considerations related to the proposed activities.

All additions made in response to Idaho Department of lands comments are in underline format for clarity. Many materials have been removed completely. Some smaller removals are marked in strikeout format, particularly where it may be helpful to clarify responsiveness to comments.

## Information related to required documents

Required Document 1: County plat map showing both neighboring littoral lots.

Five pages are used presented from the original application, to which allow identification of parcel information for the subject littoral lots and the two neighboring lots. The first page shows a map that shows both the Bear Lake County's parcel viewer on March 15, 2023 and the results of a recent sale. The following pages include the county's legal descriptions of the parcels and a recent deed that shows the change in boundary between the Applicant's lot and the south neighboring lot. Though county records are not updated, the deed indicates that no new parcels are made by this sale; it was handled by the county as a change in boundary.

The original five pages are followed by 11 pages from the first revision, which attempt to clarify the information that was presented in the original application.

<u>Including intermediate cover pages, Required Document 1 is comprised of 18 pages in this amended application.</u>

Required Document 2: Tax record identifying the owner of the upland parcel(s).

No comment As described above, the online county records do not yet show the actual parcel configuration, so a recorded survey also is provided to show the actual configuration.

Required Document 3: Lakebed profile with encroachment and water levels of winter and summer.

Required Document 3 has three pages. The first page is a longitudinal profile, and the final two pages are lateral profiles of the proposed track construction.

Water levels vary year to year more than they do between winter and summer. Therefore, the first page of Document 3 maps general high and low water levels rather than winter and summer levels.

Required Document 4:

General vicinity map that allows Department to find encroachment.

No comment Per IDL request, approximate location of the 5923.65 foot elevation, indicated to be IDL's interpretation of OHWM, has been added. The small gap in the linear feature represents a section of the surveyed line that was obscured by labeling in the source document.

Required Document 5:

Scaled air photo or map showing lengths of nearby encroachments, distances to adjacent encroachments, and location and orientation of the proposed encroachment.

No docks or other physical-structure encroachments are nearby.

No nearby formal Permitted encroachments were identified by Idaho Department of Lands (IDL). Similar activities to the requested actions occur at the location marked "A" on the map.

Except for a turn in boundary at the south end, the lakeward parcel boundaries shown in Required Document 1 are essentially in a straight line parallel to the OHWM. Because the purpose of littoral lines is to provide adjacent littoral owners equitable access to the beach and shoreline, the littoral lines were projected perpendicular to the majority lakeward parcel boundary and parallel to each other.

Per IDL request, approximate location of the 5923.65 foot elevation, indicated to be IDL's interpretation of OHWM, has been added. The small gap in the linear feature represents a section of the surveyed line that was obscured by labeling in the source document

## Supplemental Documents per IDL Request

An additional map has been provided per IDL request, to show conceptually how the staging area would be aligned relative to the littoral lines, water's edge and 5923.65 elevation. It is attached following Required Document 5.

Also per IDL request, an edited version of the original response letter is attached following the map of the staging area.

## Information related to the extent of the encroachment beyond the ordinary (or artificial) high water mark.

The activity most distant from shore would be the proposed water trampolines. These need to be in about eight feet of water, which would be approximately 600 feet waterward from water's edge. The distance from the OHWM depends on water levels in the lake and the distance from the OHMW to water's edge. Required Document 3, Page 1 shows the range of extents that could occur between the IDL designation of OHWM and the lowest levels observed since 2004.

## Description of proposed activities from Joint Application for Permits

The activities that would occur below the OWHM all are temporary in nature and include:

- A. Vehicle Track and Associated Features/Activities
- a) Loose sand would be seasonally graded to the sides of a vehicle track, to expose a firm base of packed sand for passenger vehicles to access the shoreline band of firm, moist sand that typically is present within approximately 50 feet of water's edge, where passenger vehicles can traverse the sand in its natural condition. At high water levels, the track would be very short or not even needed. At low water levels, its length could approach 2,000 feet or more. The planned track width is 20 feet, with the sand deposited in bands approximately 25 feet wide on either side of the track. Depth of cut would predominantly be in the range of 0.25 feet, with a few sand drifts requiring a cut as deep as approximately two feet.
- b) No material would be removed or imported, and at the end of the season the material would be pushed back approximately to its original location to be reworked by wave or wind action.
- c) If requested by regulators, the track could be marked by flexible posts and/or orange traffic cones or pylons, with or without ropes.
- d) A shallow ditch would be constructed at the side of the vehicle track for hydration purposes. The ditch would be approximately 0.5 feet deeper than the track.
- e) Including material excavated from the ditch, depth of deposit predominantly would be in the 0.34 foot range, with deeper cuts requiring deposits up to approximately 2.3 feet.
- f) Total cut volume at a hypothetical length of 2,190 feet would be approximately 985 cubic yards, with the entire volume deposited adjacent to the sand track. Net export/import of material would be zero.
- g) No permanent dredge, fill or reconfiguration of the beds of Waters of the US or Idaho Trust Lands is contemplated.

- h) The track and shallow ditch would be maintained a few times per year, to remove drifted loose sand that would interfere with passenger-vehicle traffic and delivery of hydration water.
- i) Approximately 2,500 gallons per day of clean, potable well water would be applied to the shallow ditch to keep the track hydrated and firm. At lower lake levels, evaporation is great enough that the flow of water in the ditch cannot reach water's edge. At higher lake levels, flow would be reduced to prevent well-water flow from reaching water's edge. At very high lake levels, natural capillary action would keep the sand hydrated and the hydration flows would be unnecessary.
- B Buoys and Mooring.
- j) Up to 10 safety buoys 10 inches in diameter would be placed to mark water depths for safety of boaters, including clients of applicant. These would be anchored with metal weights attached to the buoys with as short a line as possible, retrievable without equipment, and removed within 30 days after use is discontinued in the fall of each year. The farthest waterward buoys would be placed in approximately six feet of water depth. Line lengths would range from approximately three feet to approximately six feet.
- k) Up to eight mooring buoys for watercraft would be placed, anchored with weights attached to the buoys with as short a line as possible, removable without equipment, and removed within 30 days after use is discontinued in the fall of each year. Water depth at the mooring locations would depend on the configuration of craft to be moored but typically would be less than six feet. Line lengths would typically be less than six feet.
- Two chains with short ropes would be placed to secure personal watercraft. These would be placed in water approximately 18" deep, secured with metal weights removable without equipment and removed within 30 days after use is discontinued in the fall of the year. Ends of the chains would be marked with buoys. Chains would be approximately 50 feet long. The short ropes would be approximately 1.5 feet long.

## C. Water Toys

Three water trampolines would be anchored in approximately 8 feet of water, with metal weights, attached to the trampolines with as short a line as possible, that can be removed without use of equipment. The lines would be approximately eight feet long. The toys and anchor weights would be retrieved nightly and stored above the OHWM to both avoid potential hazard to night-time boaters and recreationalists and to protect against vandalism or theft.

D. Overnight Storage Near OHWM.

Watercraft on trailers, tractor(s) and pickup truck(s) would <u>not</u> be stored <u>below the OHWM</u>. as near as practicable to, or above, the OHWM, adjacent to or on the applicant's property as mapped by Bear Lake County. Depending on surface conditions

and the ability to park vehicles in soft sand, some equipment may be below the OHWM and some may be waterward of applicant's property.

## E. Water's edge activities:

- m) A staging area would be established for safety and convenience of clients and personnel. The enclosed area would be 100 feet by 200 feet. The staging area would be located immediately adjacent to water's edge and oriented landward from the water. The staging area would be moved periodically in response to changing water levels. Laterally, its location would be adjusted to honor 25-foot buffers to adjoining littoral areas and in general be approximately centered in the littoral area. The items would be retrieved within 30 days of the end of use at the end of each season. Staging-area items would be below the OHWM and above the water line. These items include:
  - i) Flexible posts and/or traffic cones or pylons, possibly with ropes, to delineate the staging area.
  - ii) Enclosed trailer.
  - iii) Picnic table.
  - iv) Shade canopy anchored with weights.
  - v) Placement of trailer(s) for storage of non-motorized watercraft during the daytime. A map showing the conceptual relationship between the staging area, water's edge and littoral lines is provided following Required Document 5.
- n) The following temporary activities would be conducted in the water or near water's edge, removed nightly to the overnight storage area described above:
  - i) Launching of water craft from trailers towed by tractors to the minimum depth necessary for a safe launch.
  - ii) Fueling of watercraft compliant with National Fire Code regulations for commercial marinas. This would be accomplished with portable fuel tanks in pickup trucks, with spill kits carried in the vehicles.
  - iii) Daytime placement of a picnic table on a trailer in shallow waters (approximately three feet deep), as a place to stage personnel in close proximity to boats and activities for the safety of clients.
- F. Mechanical tillage Weed control using methods determined following consultation with Idaho Department of Agriculture, Bear Lake County Weed Superintendent or Bear Lake Watch would be used to control invasive plant species and maintain a clean beach. A secondary effect of this activity would be to reduce the depth and extent of dunes, thereby reducing the volume of material that must be removed to establish a track for passenger vehicles.

Additional activities on private land above the OHWM are not part of the Joint Application for Permits. The following descriptions are provided in order to fully characterize and clarify activities that would not take place within the permitted Encroachment below the OHWM the Overall Project:

G. Rental transactions and collection of payment would occur at the <u>upland</u> facility:

- o) Watercraft Rental of watercraft to be deployed from littoral adjacent to Applicant's property as described above;
- p) Watercraft Rental of watercraft to be transported by clients to other locations for launch and use elsewhere.
- H. Sale of snacks, drinks and small items may occur.
- **KI**. Client parking would be provided.
- J. Overnight parking of boats, tractors, trailers and vehicles would occur on privatelyowned uplands above the OHWL and not below it.

#### **Narrative**

The following discussion is specific to the following State of Idaho considerations:

- 1. Idaho Department of Lands (IDL) Encroachment Rules and Easement Rules (Rules);
- 2. Prior permits issued by IDL to Applicant (Prior Permits);
  - a. State of Idaho Temporary Permit No. TP-80-0419, May 11, 2009. Referred to in this narrative as "2009 Permit."
  - b. State of Idaho Land Use Permit No. LUP800558, August 14, 2014. Referred to in this narrative as "2014/2015 Permit." Expiration date is listed as November 30, 2016 with an option of extension at IDL discretion.
  - c. State of Idaho Land Use Permit No. LUP800588, December 12, 2015. It also lists an expiration date of November 30, 2016 with option for renewal. This Permit and the 2017 document together are referred to in this narrative as "2016/2017 Authorization."
  - d. Land Use Permit LU800559 Extension, April 17, 2017. This extended the prior authorizations until November 30, 2017. It and the December 2015 document together are referred to as "2016/2017 Authorization."
- 3. Observations from field reconnaissance on October 13, 2022 by Applicant's consultant Bryce A. Contor of Rocky Mountain Environmental Associates, Inc. (*Reconnaissance*);
- 4. Additional discussion of proposed activity, for clarification (Clarification).

It is acknowledged that some of these representations are different from the interpretations expressed by IDL personnel in a meeting in Idaho Falls in October 2022 with applicant's consultant.

Materials are presented to provide context for the Application, and are not intended to request IDL to grant approval(s) beyond its jurisdiction.

### Discussion Relative to State of Idaho Considerations

## A. Vehicle Track and Associated Features/Activities

Rules

Encroachment Rule 030.10 states that the two most important factors in considering a Nonnavigational Encroachment are (1) unreasonable adverse effect upon adjacent property, and (2) undue interference with navigation.

The track and associated features and activities will be no closer than 25 feet to the littoral lines of adjacent properties and will have no adverse effect upon them. Because all of the proposed track will be well landward of water's edge, there is no interference with navigation.

Encroachment Rule 010.15 refers to "boat ramps" and Encroachment Rule 010.16 refers to "landfills." Neither of these seem to fit the proposed activity, and no direct references to "roads," "trails" or "tracks" were identified in the Encroachment Rules.

Easement Rule 001.03 clarifies that a lease is usual and customary for features such as marinas, docks, float homes, and <u>similar</u> facilities (emphasis added). Because the proposed track is not similar to any of the provided examples, a lease may not be the appropriate vehicle to authorize the Proposed track, but rather an easement would apply.

Easement Rule 030 indicates that an easement with a term of 10 to 55 years will be issued for uses and structures not permanent in nature. The proposed track would be a temporary feature renewed every spring and removed every fall, and not permanent in nature.

Lease rule 020.05 indicates that an exception to leases is features that customarily are authorized by temporary permits or easements, such as "roads." The proposed track is similar to a road, adding additional suggestion that an easement and not a lease is the appropriate mechanism. This also clarifies that there is a mechanism for authorizing a road-like activity.

#### Prior Permits

Authorization for a track was not identified in the prior permits issued to Applicant.

#### Reconnaissance

During the October 13, 2022 reconnaissance, RMEA <u>successfully</u> used a two-wheel-drive passenger vehicle to access firm, hydrated sands near the water, <u>via a constructed track of imported materials at another location</u>. Traveling in a large four-wheel-drive pickup truck with oversize tires <u>at the location of the proposed Encroachment</u>, RMEA confirmed the ease of navigating the firm, hydrated sands near water's edge and the difficulty of

crossing soft dune sand distant from water's edge where a track was not present. Loose dune sand was observed to be laterally extensive in several locations between the OHWM and the hydrated, firm sand near water's edge at the location of the proposed Encroachment. It would not have been possible to access water's edge from OHWM at that location in a two-wheel-drive passenger vehicle.

## Clarification

The proposed track would be temporary, using no imported materials and with no materials removed. It would not extend to water's edge and would be regraded at the end of the season, to allow sands to be reworked by natural wind and wave action. Its length would depend on water levels; in years of high water levels, the track would be very short or not even needed. It would be a community track available to the applicant and to adjoining property owners.

The proposed ditch's only function would be to keep the track hydrated; the proposed ditch would not be used to dispose of water from any facility or use.

# B. Buoys and Mooring

#### Rules

Encroachment Rules 010.02 and 010.15 define "Encroachments in Aid of Navigation" to include buoys generally, without differentiating by purpose.

#### **Prior Permits**

The 2009 Permit, page 2, item 10, states: "The Permittee is, by this permit, authorized to install four (4) buoys for the purpose of marking a wake-less zone. These buoys will be installed not more than 100 feet from the lake shore. Buoys will be installed at the beginning of the operating season and removed at the end of the operating season."

Similar authorization is repeated in the 2014/2015 Permit and the 2016/2017 Authorization.

### Clarification

The buoys and associated features and activities will be no closer than 25 feet to the littoral lines of adjacent properties and will have no adverse effect upon them. The safety buoys will notify all boaters of unsafe shallow waters and will enhance navigation rather than interfering with it. The mooring buoys will be in water too shallow to constitute interference with navigation.

The Applicant does not need to mark a wake-less zone; rather, the safety buoys are to notify the boating public of shallow depths that could cause watercraft to run aground,

damaging the watercraft, potentially causing the release of fluids and/or debris, and/or causing injury to boaters.

# C. Water Toys

Rules

Encroachment Rule 010.18 defines "floating toys" to include trampolines that are waterward of the line of navigability for less than 24 hours.

Encroachment Rule 015.14 states the general rule that an encroachment permit is not required for a floating toy if it is not anchored to the bed of the lake with a device that requires "equipment" to remove it and is not located waterward of the line of navigability for more than 24 hours.

#### **Prior Permits**

2014/2015 Permit page 3, item 11: "This permit will allow up to four (4) floating trampolines, which must be beached nightly."

The 2016/2017 Authorization includes a similar provision.

# Clarification

The water toys would be removed from the water nightly and stored above the OHWM. They would be anchored with weights not requiring equipment for removal. The benefit is two-fold; first, it provides a measure of safety for after-dark motorized recreation that might occur from users accessing the beach from other locations; second, it provides additional protection from theft and/or vandalism.

The water toys mark the farthest waterward extent of the Encroachment and Easement or Lease, and would be placed in eight feet of water. Eight feet of water is approximately 600 feet from water's edge.

# D. Overnight Storage Near OHWM.

Clarification

Overnight storage would occur only on Applicant's deeded property above the OHWM.

## E. Water's edge activities

Rules

It appears that most of the water's edge activities are Encroachments Not in Aid of Navigation per Encroachment Rule 010.16.

The picnic table in the water may fall under Encroachment Rule 030.02 governing encroachments "in navigable lakes." If so, the "benefits to the general public" and "consisten[cy] with the public trust doctrine" of the activity arise from the safety needs of clients and personnel. Because of the very small footprint and temporary nature of the effect, the impact on public trust value is *de minimis* and there are no alternates except to expose the public to additional danger, which is not a reasonable alternative.

#### **Prior Permits**

The 2014/2015 Permit page 4 item 13 states: "This permit will allow for a temporary fence around the working and launching area along the lake. Post[s] must be made of flexible fiberglass or comparable, fence post with flagging and a barrier that is also flexible. This must be visible to those on the beach from a 100 foot distance. This must be removed at the close of the season."

The 2016/2017 Authorization includes similar provisions.

2009 Permit page 2, item 13: "The Permittee shall develop and submit for approval, prior to annual operations, a detailed plan for the containment of spills or leaks and disposal of any hazardous substances spilled or leaked into Bear Lake or upon the associated beach front.

2009 Permit page 2, item 14: "Storage of fuels, lubricating oils, and other toxicants within the riparian area is strictly prohibited." There are additional reporting & spill-kit requirements.

The 2014/2015 Permit includes similar provisions.

The 2014/2015 Permit page 5, item 20 requires fuel storage in a secondary containment system "near the main building structure," interpreted here to mean above the OHWM. It requires that "vehicles should have some type of secondary containment within the beds to prevent spills onto public trust lands."

2014/2015 Permit page 5, item 21: "All motorized watercraft will be beach [sic] during the fueling process, were [sic] applicable."

The 2016/2017 Authorization includes similar provisions.

The 2016/2017 Authorization page 5 Item 22 of the 2016 document repeats the secondary containment requirement and requires that it be "above the high water elevation 5923.65." This confirms the assumption that the 2014-2015 fuel-storage provision was for an activity above the OHWM.

The 2016/2017 Authorization page 5 Item 23 of the 2016 document refines the requirements, clarifying that the containment system be "for the placement of hose and

nozzle when not actively fueling water craft to prevent spills onto public trust lands. Nozzle(s) will not be placed or hung within the lake and the hose(s) shall not be left on the lake bed for any longer than fifteen (15) minutes between fueling, and at no time shall the hose, or nozzle, be unattended while out of the containment system."

The 2016/2017 Authorization page 5 Item 24 of the 2016 document states: "Permittee may use a pick up below the high water elevation. Pick up may be used in the water for fueling only, but no deeper than mid axle. Pick up will be not left in the water for any longer than fifteen (15) minutes, during fueling; and at no time will the truck be unattended."

The 2014/2015 Permit page 4 Item 12 states: The Permit allows a shade canopy for employees working "along the water's edge." It must be removed at the close of the season.

The 2016/2017 Authorization renews provision for the shade canopy.

# Clarification

Applicant is requesting approval for activities that appear to be general practice in the area.

# F. Mechanical tillage to control Control of invasive plant species.

#### Rules

It is presumed that this is an Encroachment Not in Aid of Navigation under Encroachment Rule 010.16.

#### Prior Permits

Prior authorization for mechanical-weed control was not identified in prior permits. However, prior permits do underscore the resource concern. The 2009 Permit, page 3, item 22a requires the permittee to "Notify the Idaho Department of Lands if any noxious weeds are observed on the site." Subsequent IDL permits repeat the requirement.

# G through K.

No discussion is provided, as these activities will not occur below the OHWM.

Required Document #1: Original Application Materials

Six pages including cover



Property after purchase is complete

Property parcel and adjacent parcels as of March 15, 2022

D 250 500 750

Required Document 1: County Parcels showing both neighboring littoral lots.



Varin Thomas
Property Located
In Bear Lake County, Idaho

Date: 3/15/2023

Project #: 22-0158

Drawn by: TK

#### **Required Document 1 Page 2**

Parcel information Obtained from Bear Lake County Parcel Viewer (<a href="https://maps.idahoparcels.us/geomoose/mobile/bearlake.html">https://maps.idahoparcels.us/geomoose/mobile/bearlake.html</a>) on March 15, 2023 at 1400.

Α

Details Improvements Assess Taxes Photo Taxing Districts Print Page

PIN: 05553.03

Site Address: 499 EAST SHORE RD

Site Zipcode: 83272

**Homeowner Name 1: JONES LAKE FRONT LLC** 

**Homeowner Name 2:** 

Homeowner Address: 1455 WEBB LN

**Homeowner City: KAYSVILLE** 

Homeowner State/ZIP: UT, 84037

**Land Categoies:** 

Lat and Long of center: 42.1019596664466, -111.26205353261

Deed(s): 228971, 228971, 220093, ,

#### IMPV TYPE: DETGAR

YEAR BUILT: 2018

FLOORS: 0

VALUE: 43870 FINISHED AREA: 0

KITCHEN: 0

LIVING ROOM: 0

GREAT ROOM: 0

DINING ROOM: 0

BATHROOM(S): 0

BEDROOM(S): 0

OTHER ROOM(S): 0

FIRE PLACE(S): N

#### Required Document 1 Page 3

В

Details Improvements Assess Taxes Photo Taxing Districts Print Page

PIN:

Site Address: 535 EAST SHORE RD

Site Zipcode: 83272

Homeowner Name 1: BLH PROPERTIES LLC

**Homeowner Name 2:** 

Homeowner Address: 1217 S BEAR LAKE BLVD

Homeowner City: GARDEN CITY
Homeowner State/ZIP: UT, 84028

**Land Categoies:** 

Lat and Long of center: 42.1014810173751, -111.261814221244

Deed(s): 229195, , , ,

C

Details Improvements Assess Taxes Photo Taxing Districts Print Page

PIN:

Site Address: 567 EAST SHORE RD

Site Zipcode: 83272

**Homeowner Name 1:** HEMMERT HOT SPRINGS INC **Homeowner Name 2:** HEMMERT HOT SPRINGS @

Homeowner Address: 1309 E 2100 N

**Homeowner City: LOGAN** 

Homeowner State/ZIP: UT, 84341

**Land Categoies:** 

Lat and Long of center: 42.0993464491433, -111.261185273791

Deed(s): , , , ,

# Required Document 1 Page 4 through Page 9:

The attached deed shows the recent purchase that changes the configuration of Applicant's upland parcel.

AFTER RECORDING MAIL TO:

Instrument # 240539 BEAR LAKE COUNTY 03-24-2023 02:21:33 03-24-2023 02:21:33 No. of Pages: 5 Recorded for: FLYING S TITLE AND ESCROW - MONTPELIER Arny Bishop Fee: \$15.00 Ex-Officio Recorder Deputy: AB Index to: WARRANTY DEED

Brian Hirschi 1910 E 3025 N North Logan, UT 84341

# **CORPORATE WARRANTY DEED**

File No.: 1083455-MON (ab)

Date: March 22, 2023

For Value Received, Hemmert Hot Springs, Inc., an Idaho corporation, a corporation duly organized and existing under the laws of the State of Idaho, Grantor, does hereby grant, bargain, sell and convey unto Brian Hirschi, a married man as his sole and separate property, Grantee, whose address is 1910 E 3025 N, North Logan, UT 84341, the following described real estate, to wit: Legal Description attached hereto as Exhibit A, and by this referenced incorporated herein.

SUBJECT TO current years taxes, irrigation district assessments, public utility easements, subdivision and U.S. patent reservations.

TO HAVE AND TO HOLD the said premises, with their appurtenances, unto said Grantee, and to the Grantee's heirs and assigns forever. And the said Grantor does hereby covenant to and with the said Grantee, that the Grantor is the owner in fee simple of said premises; that said premises are free from all encumbrances, and that Grantor will warrant and defend the same from all claims whatsoever.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Grantor, pursuant to a resolution of its Board of Directors has caused its corporate name to be hereunto subscribed by its WENT AND SECRETARY

day of MAHM, 2013

Hemmert Hot Springs, Inc., an Idaho corporation

ridkepp Name: Diane Midkif Title: President

By: Name: Ellen Hardman

Title: Secretary

AFTER RECORDING MAIL TO:

Brian Hirschi 1910 E 3025 N North Logan, UT 84341

# **CORPORATE WARRANTY DEED**

File No.: 1083455-MON (ab)

Date: March 22, 2023

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SUBJECT TO current years taxes, irrigation district assessments, public utility easements, subdivision and U.S. patent reservations.

TO HAVE AND TO HOLD the said premises, with their appurtenances, unto said Grantee, and to the Grantee's heirs and assigns forever. And the said Grantor does hereby covenant to and with the said Grantee, that the Grantor is the owner in fee simple of said premises; that said premises are free from all encumbrances, and that Grantor will warrant and defend the same from all claims whatsoever.

IN WITNESS	WHERE	OF, the Grant	or, pursuant	t to a	resolution,	of its	Board	of Directors	has	caused	lits
corporate n	ame to	OF, the Grant be hereunto Muvu	subscribed	by its	: Kresid	unt	and	Secret	uy		this
23	day of	march			20 7/3	•			•		

Hemmert Hot Springs, Inc., an Idaho corporation

lardman

By:\_\_\_\_\_\_
Name: Diane Midkiff

Name: Ellen Hardman Title: Secretary

APN: 05553.04		Warranty Deed - continued	File No.: 1083455-MON (ab) Date: 03/22/2023
STATE OF	Idaho	) ss.	
COUNTY OF	Franklin	)	
appeared Diar executed the w	<b>ne Midkiff,</b> known or rithin instrument or the p	identified to me to be the Pro	in and for said State, personally esident of the corporation that ent on behalf of said corporation
In witness whe certificate first a	reof, I have hereunto sabove written.	et my hand and affixed my offic	cial seal the day and year in this
C	HOLLY JO BESSINGER OMMISSION #20191381 NOTARY PUBLIC STATE OF IDAHO MMISSION EXPIRES 07/15/2	Notary Public for th Residing at: 14 EX My Commission Exp	e State of Idaho AON bires: -1.15.25
STATE OF	Utah	) SS.	
COUNTY OF		)	
On this	day of March, 2023,	before me, a Notary Public in	n and for said State, personally

On this \_\_\_\_\_\_ day of March, 2023, before me, a Notary Public in and for said State, personally appeared **Ellen Hardman**, known or identified to me to be the **Secretary** of the corporation that executed the within instrument or the person who executed the instrument on behalf of said corporation, and acknowledged to me that such corporation executed the same.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my official seal the day and year in this certificate first above written.

Notary Public for the State of Utah Residing at: My Commission Expires: APN: 05553.04 Warranty Deed File No.: 1083455-MON (ab) continued Date: 03/22/2023 STATE OF Idaho ) ss. **COUNTY OF** Franklin )

On this Twenty-fourth day of March, 2023, before me, a Notary Public in and for said State, personally appeared Diane Midkiff, known or identified to me to be the President of the corporation that executed the within instrument or the person who executed the instrument on behalf of said corporation, and acknowledged to me that such corporation executed the same.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my official seal the day and year in this certificate first above written.

> Notary Public for the State of Idaho Residing at: My Commission Expires:

STATE OF Utah COUNTY OF

25 day of March, 2023, before me, a Notary Public in and for said State, personally appeared Ellen Hardman, known or identified to me to be the Secretary of the corporation that executed the within instrument or the person who executed the instrument on behalf of said corporation, and acknowledged to me that such corporation executed the same.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my official seal the day and year in this certificate first above written.

JOSH DAVIS stary Public - State of Utah Comm. No. 727071 Ay Commission Expires on Oct 4, 2026

Notary Public for the State of Utah Residing at: Wash Coicenty
My Commission Expires: Oit 4, 2626

APN: 05553.04

Warranty Deed - continued

File No.: 1083455-MON (ab) Date: 03/22/2023

# **EXHIBIT A**

A parcel of land located in Section 24, Township 15 South, Range 44 East, Boise Meridian, Bear Lake County, Idaho and more particularly described as follows:

Commencing at the East quarter corner of said Section 24 and running thence South 00° 27' 44" East 223.83 feet along the East line of said Section 24;

Thence West 3910.02 feet to a point on the West right of way line of East Shore Road; Thence along the said West right of way line the following 3 courses as surveyed on the Survey recorded as Instrument # 164004 in the official records of Bear Lake County:

Thence South 17° 09' 03" East 206.53 feet;

Thence South 21° 20' 27" East 515.40 feet;

Thence South 23° 02' 28" East 178.00 feet to a found 5/8" rebar with aluminum cap labeled, "PLS 4735", the True Point of Beginning;

Thence continuing along the said West right of way line the following 2 courses:

Thence South 23° 02' 28" East 212.62 feet;

Thence South 18° 57' 36" East 146.66 feet to a 5/8" rebar with aluminum cap labeled, "A.A. Hudson, PLS 13173";

Thence South 71° 02' 24" West 262.05 feet to a 5/8" rebar with aluminum cap set on the Meander Line of Bear Lake;

Thence along said Meander Line the following 2 courses:

Thence North 05° 45' 00" East 45.43 feet to a 5/8" rebar with aluminum cap;

Thence North 22° 45' 00" West 300.44 feet to a 5/8" rebar with aluminum cap;

Thence North 66° 57' 31" East 248.42 feet to the True Point of Beginning.

Required Document #1: Additional Response Materials

Twelve pages including cover

"Response Attachment 1: Additional Parcel Information" contains the following:

- Cover sheet.
- Narrative (this sheet).
- Copy of the first page of Required Document 1 from the original application, with annotation with letters "A," "B" and "C" added for clarity in this response.

Letter "A" designates the adjoining parcel to the north, which was mapped by Bear Lake County on March 15, 2022 with the boundary between it and the Applicant's property in the correct location.

Letter "B" designates the Applicant's property. The heavy dashed line indicates the actual location of Applicant's property at the time of the original application and currently, per the Record of Survey map included in the original application. The solid black line is where the county mapped the southern boundary of Applicant's property as of March 15, 2022.

Letter "C" designates the adjoining property to the south at the time of the original application and currently. The solid black lines show the boundaries that were unaffected by the recent change described in the Application and the heavy dashed line indicates the updated boundary reflected in the documentation included with the Application but which had not yet been mapped by the County.

- Three hand-annotated screenshots from the Bear Lake County online parcel viewer as of April 21, 2023. On the left of each is the parcel number and partial parcel data, with a hand-written letter circled to indicate which of the parcels show in the annotated map from the original Application are referred to. The maps themselves have circles drawn to show the approximate locations of the actual parcels as they existed at the time of the Application and currently, superimposed on the County's mapping which still has not been updated.
- Four pages showing the detail printed from the County website for the parcel designated as "A" for this narrative. This is the adjacent property to the north.
- Four pages showing the detail printed from the County website for the parcel designated as "B" for this narrative. This is the applicant's property.
- Four pages showing the detail printed from the County website for the parcel designated as "C" for this narrative. This is the adjacent property to the south.



Property after purchase is complete

Property parcel and adjacent parcels as of March 15, 2022



750 500 750

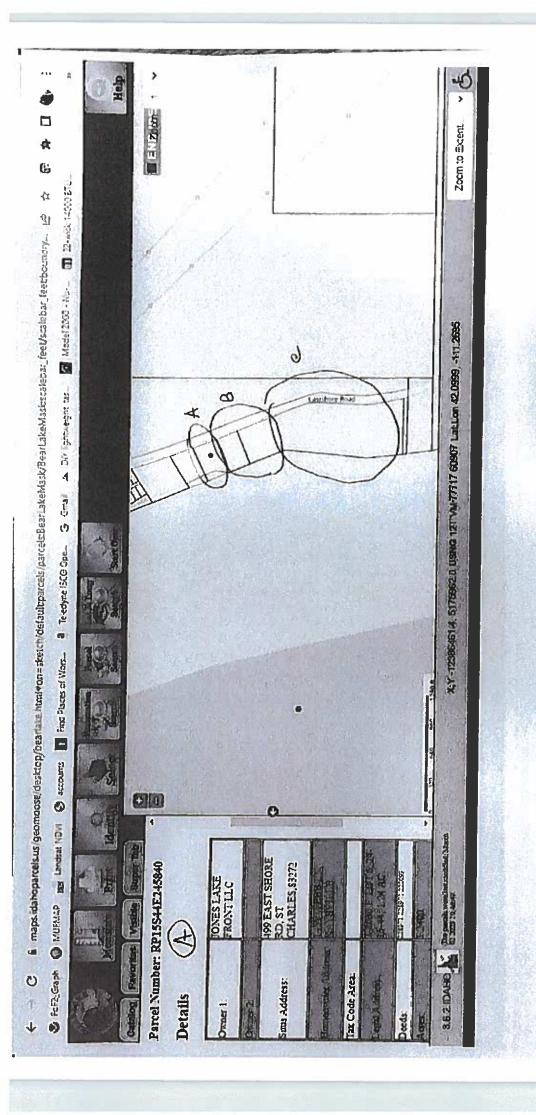
Required Document 1: County Parcels showing both neighboring littoral lots.

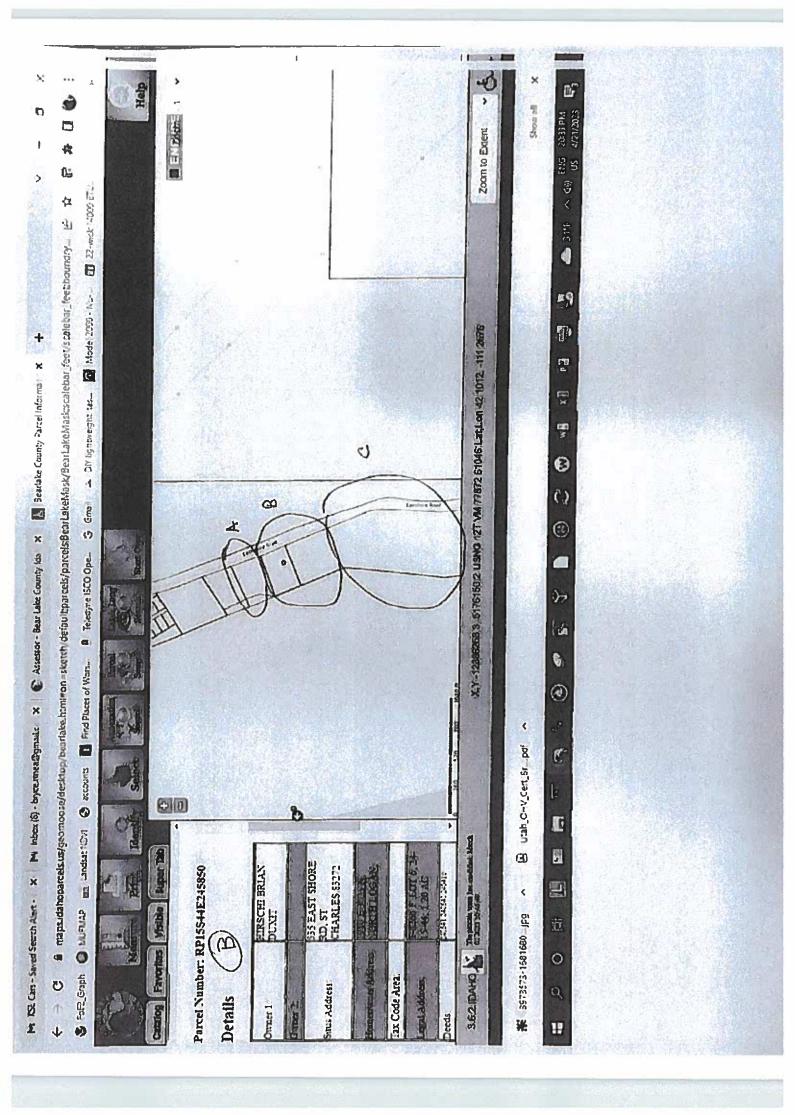
Varin Thomas
Property Located
In Bear Lake County, Idaho

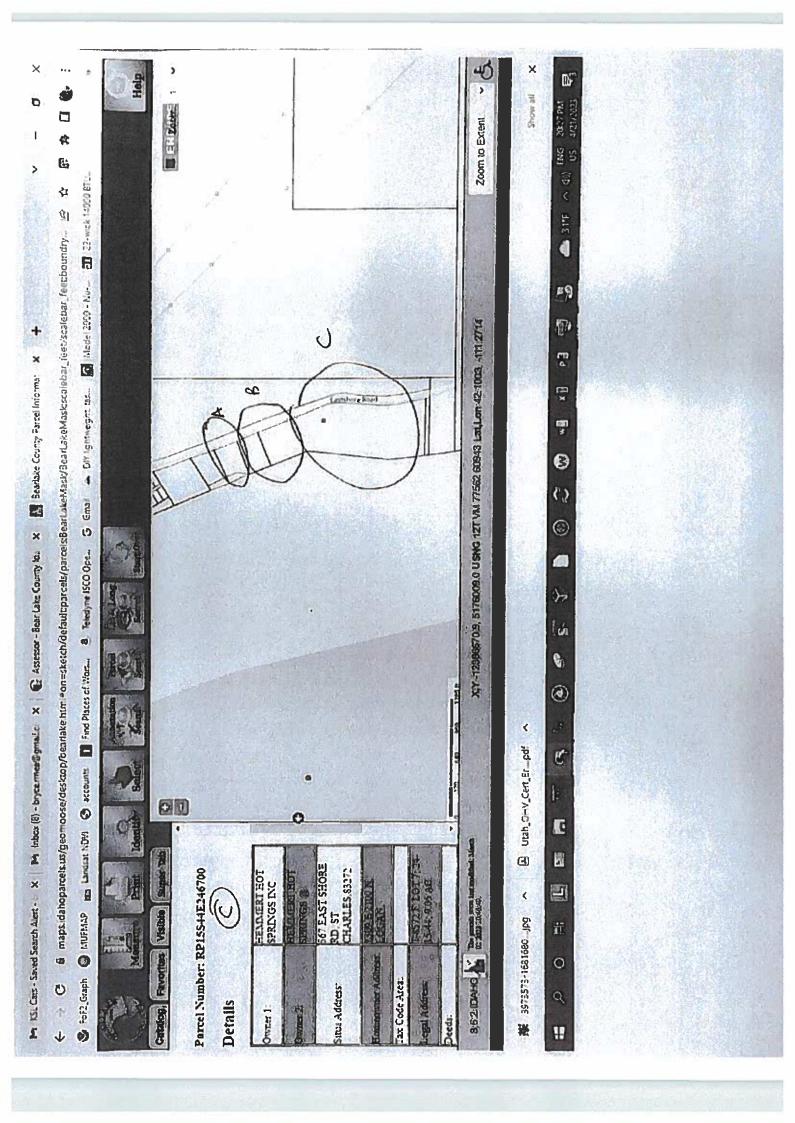
Date: 3/15/2023

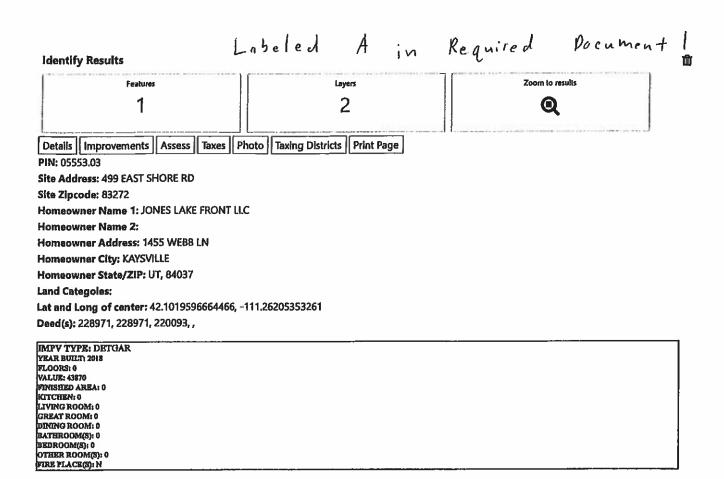
Project #: 22-0158

Drawn by: TK









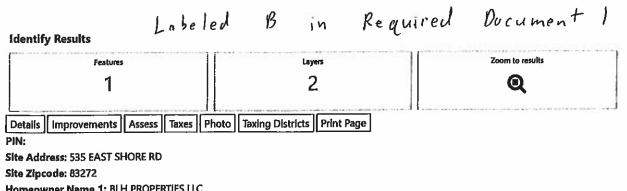
That Year: 2022
Ibidal Charges: 2996.14
Thate Paids - 1986.07
That





Cemetery:ST CHARLES CEMETERY
City:
Fire: BEAR LAKE CNTY FIRE PROT
Highway: BEAR LAKE COUNTY ROAD & BRIDGE
Library: BEAR LAKE CNTY FREE LIBR
Mosquito Abatement: BEAR RIVER MSQ ABATEMENT
School: BEAR LAKE SCHOOL #33
Water:
Watershed:
Weed Control:
Weather Modification:

Sorry no detail data for this parcel



曲

Homeowner Name 1: BLH PROPERTIES LLC

Homeowner Name 2:

Homeowner Address: 1217 S BEAR LAKE BLVD

Homeowner City: GARDEN CITY Homeowner State/ZIP: UT, 84028

**Land Categoles:** 

Lat and Long of center: 42.1014810173751, -111.261814221244

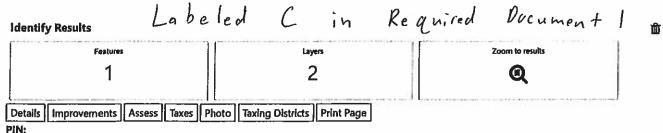
Deed(s): 229195, , , ,

Tax Year: 2022
Total Charges: 3930,40
Taxes Paidr: -3930,40
Taxes Balances: .00
Tax Penalites:
Total Interest: NULL
Tax Year: 2021
Total Charges: 3295.38
Taxes Balances: .00
Tax Penalites:
Total Linterest: NULL
Tax Year: 2020
Total Charges: 2210,48
Taxes Balances: .00
Tax Penalites:
Total Linterest: NULL
Tax Year: 2020
Total Linterest: NULL
Tax Penalites: .00



Cemetery:ST CHARLES CEMETERY
City:
Fire: BEAR LAKE CNTY FIRE PROT
Highway: BEAR LAKE COUNTY ROAD & BRIDGE
Library: BEAR LAKE CNTY FREE LIBR
Mosquito Abatement: BEAR RIVER MSQ ABATEMENT
School: BEAR LAKE SCHOOL #33
Water:
Watershed:
Weed Control:
Weather Modification:

Sorry no detail data for this parcel



Site Address: 567 EAST SHORE RD

Site Zipcode: 83272

Homeowner Name 1: HEMMERT HOT SPRINGS INC Homeowner Name 2: HEMMERT HOT SPRINGS @

Homeowner Address: 1309 E 2100 N

**Homeowner City: LOGAN** 

Homeowner State/ZIP: UT, 84341

**Land Categoles:** 

Lat and Long of center: 42.0993464491433, -111.261185273791

Deed(s): , , , ,

| Tax Year: 2022 |
| Total Charges: 9185.52 |
| Taxes Paids: -9186.52 |
| Taxes Paids: -9188.53 |
| Taxes Paids: -91888.53 |
| Taxes Paids: -918888 |
| Taxes Paids: -918888 |
| Taxes Paids: -918888 |
| Taxes Paids: -91888 |
|

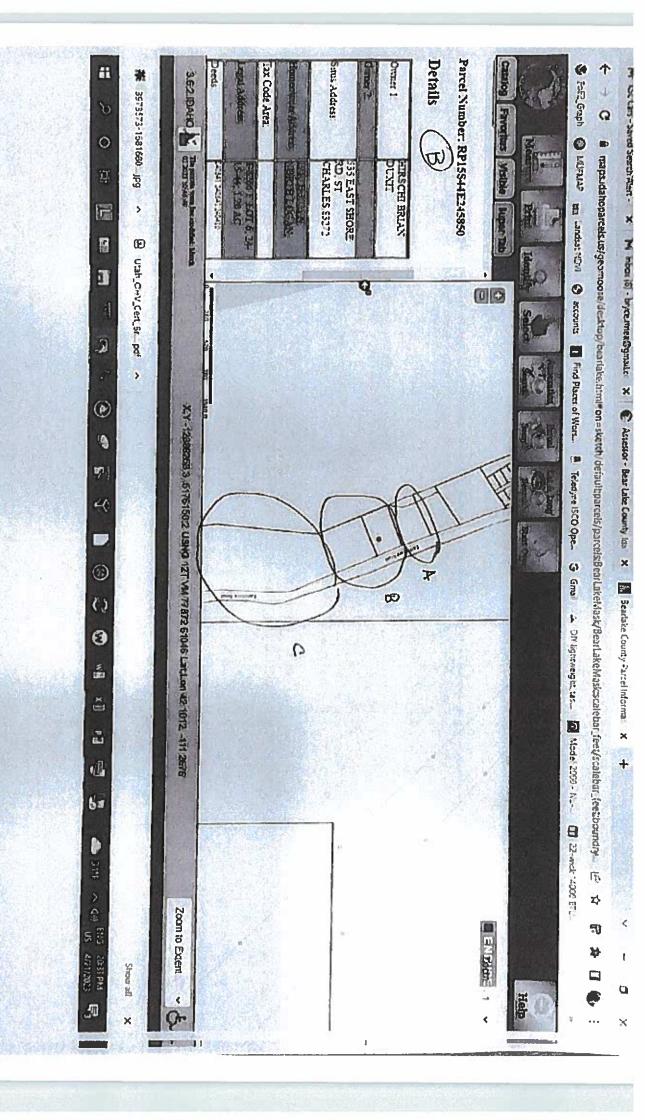


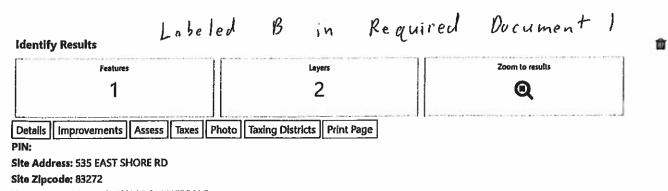
Cemetery:ST CHARLES CEMETERY
City:
Fire: BEAR LAKE CNTY FIRE PROT
Highway: BEAR LAKE COUNTY ROAD & BRIDGE
Library: BEAR LAKE CNTY FREE UBR
Mosquito Abatement: BEAR RIVER MSQ ABATEMENT
School: BEAR LAKE SCHOOL #33
Water:
Watershed:
Weed Control:
Weather Modification:

Sorry no detail data for this parcel

Required Document #2: Tax Record

Six pages including cover





Homeowner Name 1: BLH PROPERTIES LLC

Homeowner Name 2:

Homeowner Address: 1217 S BEAR LAKE BLVD

Homeowner City: GARDEN CITY Homeowner State/ZiP: UT, 84028

**Land Categoies:** 

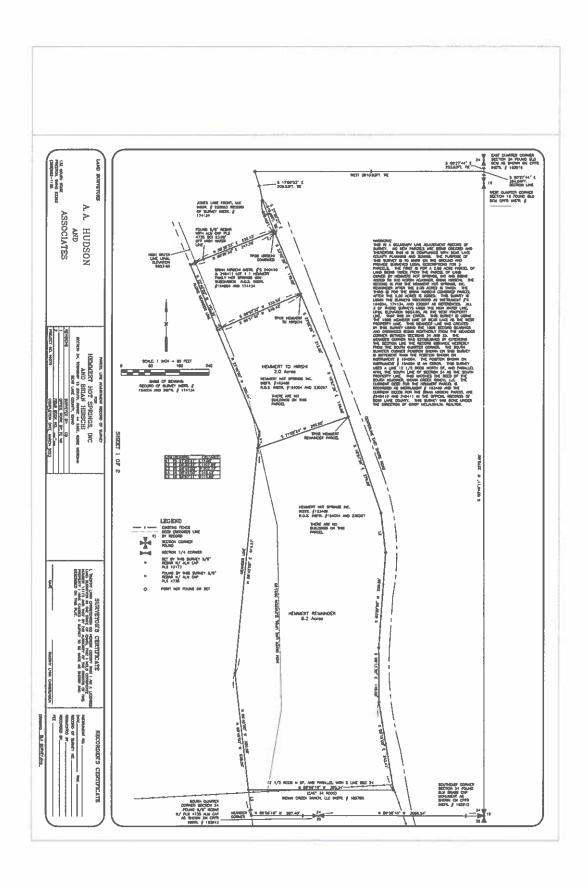
Lat and Long of center: 42.1014810173751, -111.261814221244

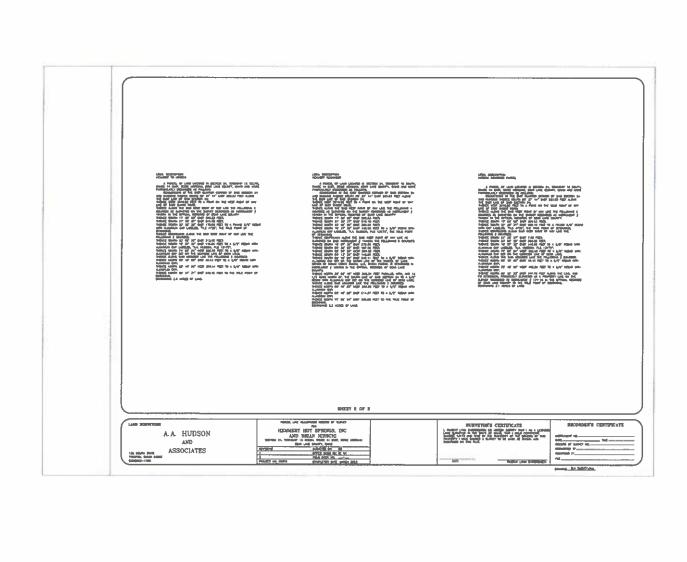
Deed(s): 229195, , , ,

Tax Year: 2022
Total Charge: 3930.40
Taxes Paldt -3930.40
Tax Penaliles:
Total Interest: NULL
Tax Year: 2021
Total Charges: 3295.38
Taxes Paldt -3295.38
Tax



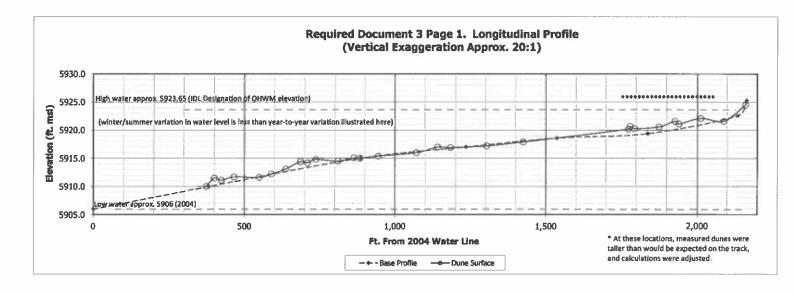
### Required Document 2 (2 pages)

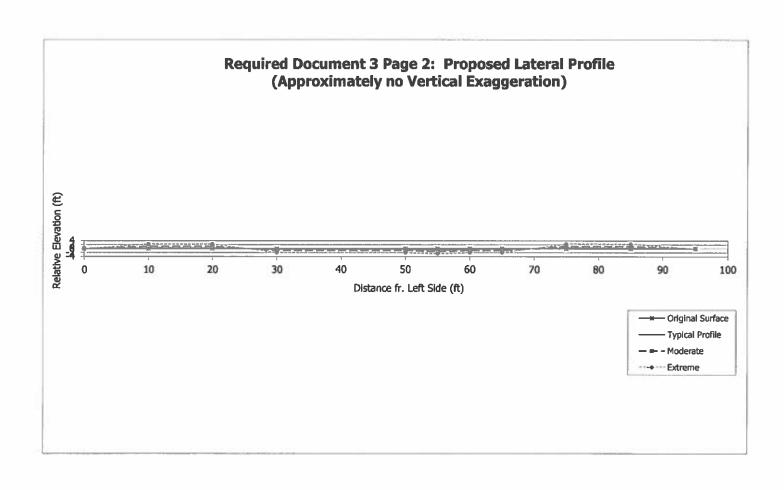


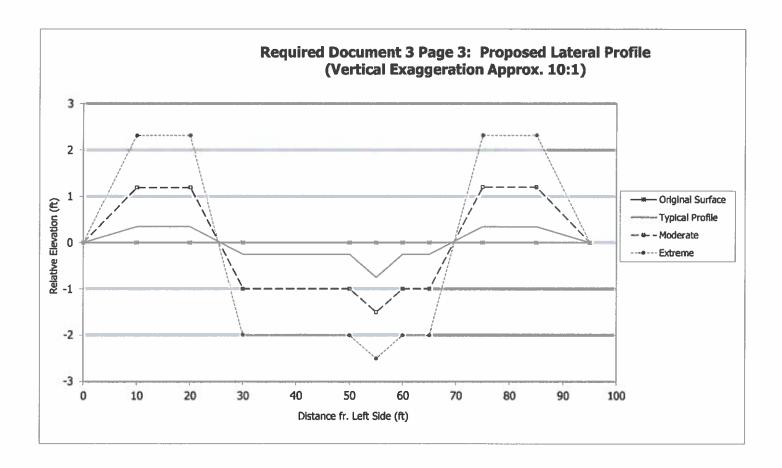


Required Document #3: Lakebed Profile

Four pages including cover



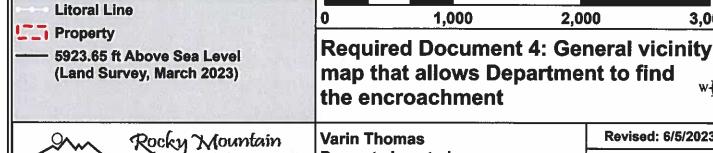




Required Document #4: General Vicinity Map

Three pages including cover. Color and black and white versions of the map are provided.



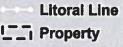


**Varin Thomas Property Located** In Bear Lake County, Idaho Revised: 6/5/2023

Project #: 22-0158

Drawn by: TK





5923.65 ft Above Sea Level (Land Survey, March 2023)

1,000 2,000 3,000

**Required Document 4: General vicinity** map that allows Department to find the encroachment



**Varin Thomas Property Located** In Bear Lake County, Idaho Revised: 6/5/2023 Project #: 22-0158

Drawn by: TK

## Required Document #5: Scaled Air Photo Map

Three pages including cover. Color and black and white versions of the map are provided.





5923.65 ft Above Sea Level (Land Survey, March 2023)

**Litoral Line** 

One presumed nearby encroachment at "A" approx. 3,000 ft NNE of proposed encroach.

Feet 1,000 2,000 3,000

Required Document 5: Scaled air photo showing lengths of nearby encroachments, distances to adjacent encroachments, and location and orientation of the proposed encroachment.



Varin Thomas **Property Located** In Bear Lake County, Idaho Revised: 6/5/2023

Project #: 22-0158

Drawn by: TK



Property

- 5923.65 ft Above Sea Level (Land Survey, March 2023)

**Litoral Line** 

One presumed nearby encroachment at "A" approx. 3,000 ft NNE of proposed encroach.



Feet 1,000 2,000 3,000

Required Document 5: Scaled air photo showing lengths of nearby encroachments, distances to adjacent encroachments, and location and orientation of the proposed encroachment.

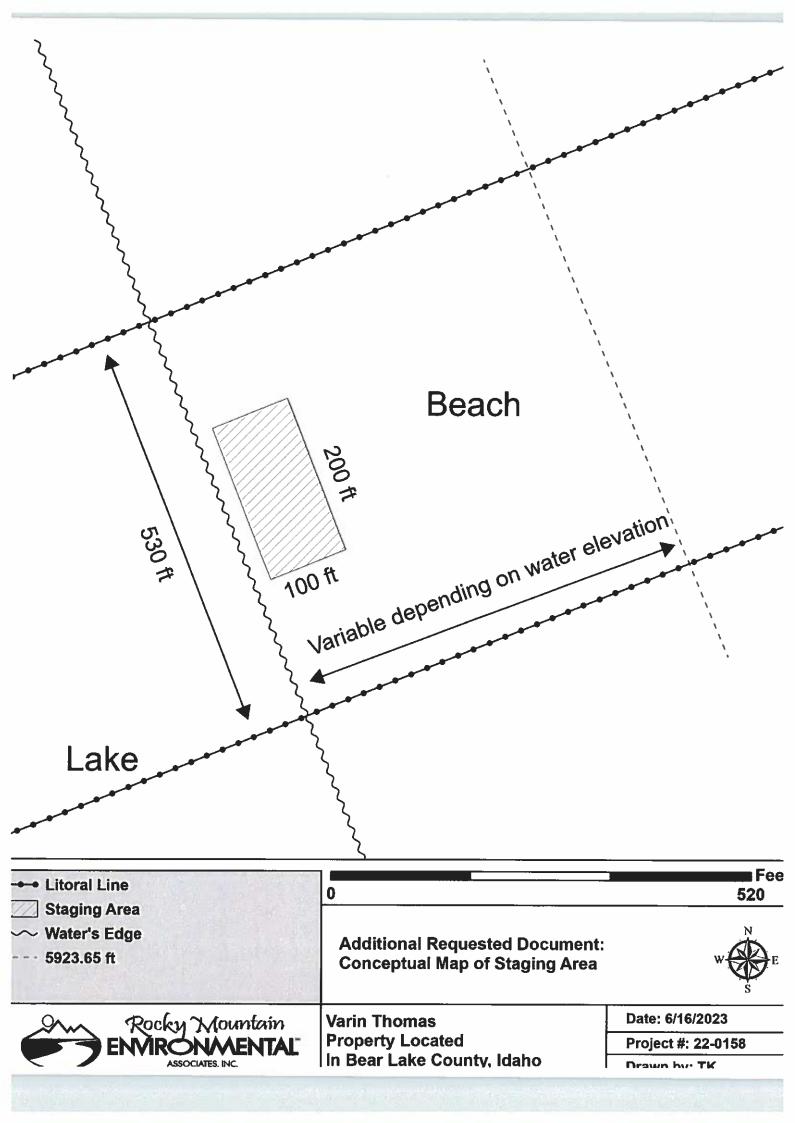
**Varin Thomas Property Located** In Bear Lake County, Idaho Revised: 6/5/2023

Project #: 22-0158

Drawn by: TK

## Additional Requested Documents:

Cover page 1 page
Conceptual map of proposed staging area 1 page
Edited version of original response letter 5 pages





Bac

April 27, 2023 EDITED JUN 16, 2023 RMEA Project No. 22-0158

Patrick A. Brown Area Manager Eastern Supervisory Area Idaho Falls Office 3563 E. Ririe Highway Idaho Falls, ID 83401

Re: Additional materials in support of Application for Commercial Non-Navigational Encroachment Permit

Mr. Brown:

Thank you for the letter clarifying Idaho Department of Lands' (IDL's) description of what is needed to complete the Encroachment Permit Application (Application) for Brian Hirschi d/b/a: BLH Properties LLC. This response is prepared by Rocky Mountain Environmental Associates, Inc. (RMEA) in Mr. Hirschi's behalf and at his request. Please accept this letter and all attachments as amendments to the Application and as a response to your request.

The first attachment to this letter is a copy of your letter, annotated in marker to allow clear reference in responses. Responses below refer to the hand-written numbers in circles to the left of each of the comments in your letter.

Responses to Comment 1

A check for the additional \$2,000 fee is attached.

Response to Comment 2

We attempted to provide the requested information in the attachments to the original Application as Required Document 1 (All references to Required Documents are to attachments to the original Application). The first page shows the county-mapped parcels with a solid line, which as explained in the narrative do not comport to a recent transaction that changes the parcels as shown by the dashed line. Page 2 of Required

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482 Constitution Way, Suite 303, Idaho Falls, Idaho 83402
rockymountainenvironmental.com

Document 1 shows the parcel information for the parcel north of the applicant's littoral property and Page 3 shows the parcel information for the applicant's property and for the parcel immediately south. Pages 4 through 9 document the recent change that had not yet been updated on the County's parcel data. In addition, Page 1 of Required Document 2 is a survey of the applicant's parcel that shows the instrument numbers of surveys of record for all three parcels and the names of the owners. The Joint Application for Permits that accompanied the Application also provided much of this information.

Response Attachment 1 (all references to Response Attachments are for new documents provided with this letter) provides annotated copies of maps from the Application and from current (April 20, 2023) printouts of the County's parcel data, which still does not reflect the recent change documented in the Application. It is unfortunate that the County's parcel viewer does not provide full information for all parcels but we believe that the information is adequate for IDL to know where the proposed activities will occur and who the affected adjacent owners are.

#### Response to Comment 3

Required Document 3 Page one includes the indication "High water approx. 5923.65 (IDL Designation of OHWM elevation)," which we believe acknowledges IDL's position in the difference of opinion between IDL and Bear Lake County. It may be that IDL's concern with the application rather is the way that Required Document 4 and Required Document 5 were drawn. It is true that these do not explicitly show where the 5923.65-foot elevation line is, and it is unfortunate that the County's property-line indications obscure parts of the littoral lines that may coincide with the property line. Response Attachment 2 corrects these figures by showing the littoral lines projected far enough in the upland direction to intersect the 5923.65 foot line and displayed so that the County's property lines do not obscure the littoral lines.

The primary reason for omission of the 5293.65 line is that we do not know its precise location, nor did we understand that a precise location was required. In early discussions, Mr. Billman of IDL informed RMEA that IDL is in possession of detailed Geographical Information System (GIS) data showing where the line is, but declined RMEA's request for a copy of these data.

Without intending or needing to take a position on the difference of opinion between IDL and Bear Lake County on this issue, we point out that legal counsel informs us that the *Erickson* case cited was not in reference to Bear Lake, and we are not otherwise aware that the specific line impressed by the water upon the soil as of 1890 has ever been determined for Bear Lake, as the *Erickson* case requires.

Regardless, the intention is and was that the littoral lines extend from the Ordinary High Water Mark (OHWM) far enough lakeward to encompass all activities authorized by the

Encroachment Permit. Therefore, determining the precise location of the OHWM is not necessary for this application.

#### Response to Comment 4 and Comment 9

The attached *Response Attachment 3* includes revisions for the weed-control narrative that reflect IDL's comments.

The original reason to specify tillage only is twofold; first, as shown in Figure 18 of the original narrative attachment to the Application, tillage has been a successful control practice in the near vicinity of the proposed activities. Second, we assumed that IDL would prefer the use of non-toxic methods of control below the OHWM.

#### Response to Comment 5 and Comment 6

The lines connecting the various objects to their anchor points will be as short as possible, given the depth of water. The primary reason is for watercraft safety; too long a line becomes an entanglement hazard for motorized watercraft and potentially for swimmers. Response Attachment 3 is edited to clarify the proposed lengths of lines.

Regarding the practicality of removing water toys nightly, we believe the utility in removing a potential hazard to night-time boaters and recreationalists, as well as the utility in protection against vandalism or theft, justify the effort required.

#### Response to Comment 7

OVERNIGHT

With the additional land purchased, parking now may occur on uplands. Response

Attachment 3 removes the request for approval of this activity. This does not address the safety concerns that were part of the original request, but the change is made in hopes that the proposal can be more acceptable to IDL.

WILL DECUE BELOW OHWM.

#### Response to Comment 8

We apologize that the description for Activity E, item m) on page 4 of the narrative attached to the Application was insufficient. It has been edited as follows, with new material indicated by underlining:

m) A staging area would be established for safety and convenience of clients and personnel. The enclosed area would be 100 feet by 200 feet. The staging area would be located immediately adjacent to water's edge and oriented landward from the water. The staging area would be moved

periodically in response to changing water levels. Laterally, its location would be adjusted to honor 25-foot buffers to adjoining littoral areas and in general be approximately centered in the littoral area.

Additionally, a conceptual map of the proposed staging area is provided as *Response*Attachment 4. The map has been drafted relative to water's edge, which will change from year to year and within a given year.

#### Response to Comment 9

Response to Comment 9 is included with the response to Comment 4, presented earlier in this letter.

#### Response to Comment 10

We apologize for RMEA's misunderstanding of the discussion with IDL personnel in Idaho Falls. RMEA understood IDL's indication that a lease would be required, and believed that the terms of a lease would be a function of the activities authorized in an Encroachment Permit. Hence, a sequential application process was understood. In addition, as you know, part of the context for this application is the judicial action IDL has filed against Mr. Hirschi. Somewhat confusingly, the complaint several times asserts the need to obtain an Encroachment Permit, but never says anything about a lease. Further, as indicated in the original narrative attachment on page 6, Easement Rule 001.03 and Lease Rule 020.05 indicate that an easement rather than a lease is the appropriate vehicle for the proposed activities. It seemed therefore that the lease or easement application would be timely once the Encroachment Permit was defined and the easement/lease question was resolved.

Though both issues still are outstanding, we have prepared and attached both lease and easement applications.

Thank you for the opportunity to present these refinements and clarifications, and additional materials. Given the rapidly-approaching recreational season, please expedite processing of these applications. If that is not possible, Mr. Hirschi hereby requests a temporary authorization for 2023 pursuant to Encroachment Rule 035, as has been provided to this and similar operations in the past. We were unable to locate a specific IDL form for temporary authorizations. If there is one, please forward it to me, and we will be happy to complete it.

Cordially,

Bryce A Contor

Buyer a. Contor

Brin Husha

Principal Hydrologist, Rocky Mountain Environmental Associates, Inc.

Brian Hirschi Applicant

Attachments:

April 17, 2023 letter from IDL, annotated

Check for additional fee

Response Attachment 1: Additional parcel information

Response Attachment 2: Revision of required document 4 and

Required Document 5

Response Attachment 3: Revised narrative, underline/strikeout

format for clarity

Response Attachment 4: Conceptual map of proposed staging area.

Easement Application Lease Application

Previously-submitted Lease Application:

Six pages including cover



April 27, 2023

RMEA Project No. 22-0158

Patrick A. Brown Area Manager Eastern Supervisory Area Idaho Falls Office 3563 E. Ririe Highway Idaho Falls, ID 83401

Mr. Brown,

Attached to this letter is the Submerged Lands Lease Application for Mr. Brian Hirschi as per the Response to Comment 10 in the response letter submitted in conjunction with this application. It is the understanding of Rocky Mountain Environmental Associates (RMEA) that an Easement Application, not a Submerged Lands Lease Application is required by Easement Rule 001.03 and Lease Rule 020.05 for the sand track activity. However, to comply with the request of Idaho Department of Lands (IDL) and expedite the approval process, RMEA submits the Submerged Lands Lease in conjunction with an Encroachment Application.

There are two points, both in Section 3: Encroachment Description, in this application that need to be addressed. First, as the Encroachment Application has not yet been approved, no permit number has been assigned and cannot be provided in the application. Similarly, the Encroachment Application and associated Required Documents are not attached to this application, but are submitted concurrently. Second, one proposed activity is to build a "track" or "trail" to the current shoreline. As these are not options in the application, "boat ramp" was deemed to be the most similar. "Swim area" was also selected as a use to expedite the approval process, as it may best apply to the other activity on Mr. Hirschi's property.

On the topic of rental rates, the \$250 flat rent for a boat ramp appears to be appropriate. If IDL determines that rental based on Gross Receipts is appropriate, we refer to the applicant's Utah operation, cited by IDL as precedent. Under that lease as in this proposed lease, the commercial activity occurring on State lands is restricted to boat launching; all other transactions take place on private, upland property. Some watercraft are transported elsewhere by clients and some would be launched within the Encroachment Permit area in clients' behalf by applicant. In the Utah lease, a proxy value typical of launching fees at public and private boat ramps is used as the

Rocky Mountain Environmental Associates, Inc. 482 Constitution Way, Suite 303, Idaho Falls, Idaho 83402 rockymountainenvironmental.com

Gross Receipts value for the basis of calculation of the lease fee. We propose the same for this lease, if it is determined that the boat-ramp lease fee is not appropriate.

Cordially,

Thane Kindred

Thank R Kunches

Staff Geologist, Rocky Mountain Environmental Associates, Inc,.

Brian Hirschi

Brin Hinte.

Applicant

Attachments: \$150 nonrefundable filing fee

Secretary of State Certificate of Existence



## **Application for Use Submerged Land Lease**

Instructions: This form is used by persons seeking to lease state owned submerged and formerly submerged lands pursuant to IDAPA 20.03.17. Please complete this form and submit it, along with the non-refundable filing fee of \$150 and required attachments to your local Idaho Department of Lands Supervisory Area Office.

For Area Office Us instrument No.:	e Only

Alea Office.				
Section 1: Applicant Informati	on			
Full legal name of applicant: Bria	n Hirschi			
Legal status: ☐ Individual ☐ State government ☐ City, County, or Federal (	✓ Busir		Affidavit of Existence) of State Certificate of Existence)	
Name of primary contact: Thane			-	
Mailing address: 482 Constitution	Way Suite 303			
City: Idaho Falls Idaho		State: ID	Zip: 83402	
Contact phone number: 208-524-2	:353	Phone number type:	✓ Work ☐ Home ☐ Cell	
Email address: bryce.rmea@gma	l.com			
Do you currently hold a lease wit If yes, provide lease number(		nt of Lands?	✓ No ☐ Yes	
Are you require you to obtain worker compensation insurance?				
Are there multiple applicants?  If yes, please complete and attach Attachment A – Multiple Applicants.				
Section 2: Description of Asso	clated Upland Prope	rty		
Facility name: North Beach Renta	s			
Physical Address: 535 East Shore	Road			
City: St. Charels		State: Idaho	Zip: 83272	
County: Bear Lake		AIN/Parcel ID: RP159	44E245850	
Government Lot: 6 Se	ection: 24	Township: 158	Range: 44E	
Body of water: Bear Lake				
Section 3: Encroachment Des	cription		FINE SAME SOME SAME	
Encroachment or Stream Channe Please, attach a copy of the r		mber: Not yet assigne	d	
Identify all encroachments/uses to Single-family dock Commercial marina Restaurant Other(s):		mily dock	☐ Community dock ☑ Boat ramp ☐ Fill	
Section 4: Discounts				
	marina facilities: facilities are made ava facilities are made ava	ailable to the public or ailable to the public or	a first come, first served basis. a first come, first served basis	



## Application for Use Submerged Land Lease

Section 6: Attachments	
	on Permit Submitted Concurrently a with plans detailing all intended improvements, including briner(s) (Only required if not included in ermit) (Only required if applicant is a business) icant is a trust or non-profit)
Section 6: Affidavit	
contained in this application is true and correct to the falsification or misrepresentation of any information denial of the application.	representative of the applicant and that the information to best of my knowledge and further acknowledge that contained herein, or provided herewith, will be grounds for
13th Mills	Brian Hirschi
Applicant Signature  4/26/2023	Applicant Name
Date	Applicant Title (if applicable)
State of <u>VYAH</u> ) ss.  County of <u>CACHE</u> )	
On this 26 day of April , in the year known or identified to me to be the person whose na acknowledged to me that he/she/they executed the	
HI My Commission	Notary Public  My Commission Expires: Dec, 14, 2025



## STATE OF IDAHO

Issuance Date: 04/26/2023

Copies Requested:

Phil McGrane | Secretary of State

Business Office

450 North 4th Street

PO Box 83720

Boise, ID 83720

April 26, 2023

Request Type: Certificate of Existence/Filing

Request #:

0005211874

Receipt #:

000815955

Regarding:

**BLH PROPERTIES, LLC** 

Filing Type:

Status:

Limited Liability Company (D)

Formation/Qualification Date: 02/11/2010

ilication Date. 02/11/

**Duration Term:** 

Active-Existing Perpetual

File#:

281304

Formation Locale: IDAHO

Inactive Date:

#### **Certificate of Existence**

I, Phil McGrane, Secretary of State of the State of Idaho, do hereby certify that effective as of the issuance date noted above

#### **BLH PROPERTIES, LLC**

is a Limited Liability Company duly formed under the law of this State with a date of incorporation and duration as given above.



Phil McGrane

**Idaho Secretary of State** 

Processed By: Business Division

Verification #: 023431828

Phone: 208-334-2301 \* Email: business@sos.idaho.gov \* Website: sosbiz.idaho.gov

Previously-submitted Easement Application:

Seven pages including cover



April 27, 2023

RMEA Project No. 22-0158

Patrick A. Brown Area Manager Eastern Supervisory Area Idaho Falls Office 3563 E. Ririe Highway Idaho Falls, ID 83401

Mr. Brown,

Attached to this letter is the Navigable Waterways Easement Application (Application) for Mr. Brian Hirschi as per the Response to Comment 10 in the response letter submitted in conjunction with this application. It is the understanding of Rocky Mountain Environmental Associates (RMEA) that an Easement Application, not a Submerged Lands Lease Application, is required for the sand track by Easement Rule 001.03 and Lease Rule 020.05. Therefore, this Application is attached as the primary request for authorization to accompany the underlying Encroachment Application. A separate lease application also is provided to expedite processing, though it appears to be the wrong vehicle to authorize the requested activities.

Clarifying points for the Application include the following:

- The purpose of the requested Easement is to accompany the Encroachment Permit, if issued, per the accompanying application for Encroachment Permit.
- A small part of the Encroachment Activity may take place between the ordinary high water mark (OHWM) and the Public Land Survey System (PLSS) meander line. This is the part referenced by Lot number in the legal description on the application.
- Part of the Encroachment Activity would take place waterward of the meander line, where no formal PLSS designation exists but Idaho Department of Water Resources has extrapolated these to the quarter-quarter section designations in the legal description of the application.

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482 Constitution Way, Suite 303, Idaho Falls, Idaho 83402
rockymountainenvironmental.com

- Part of the Encroachment Activity would take place waterward of IDWR's extrapolation, and no PLSS approximation is available.
- When Idaho Department of Lands issues an Encroachment Permit and confirms that an
  Easement is the appropriate administrative vehicle to accompany it, the requested survey
  will be commissioned and the appropriate documents provided.
- The acreage on the application a placeholder is intended to be replaced with a precise value obtained by survey at the appropriate time.

Sincerely,

Bryce A. Contor

Principal Hydrologist

Bryce a. Contor

Rocky Mountain Environmental Associates, Inc.

Brian Hirschi Applicant

Attachments: Fee

**Easement Application** 

# IDANO DEPARTMENT OF LANDS

#### **IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF LANDS**

#### NAVIGABLE WATERWAYS EASEMENT APPLICATION and INSTRUCTIONS

(Not for use on Endowment Lands)

Navigable Waterways Easement applications must be completed and submitted to the appropriate Idaho Department of Lands (IDL) Supervisory Area Office. Incomplete applications and those requiring further information may take longer to process.

#### **APPLICANT INFORMATION**

Application must include the exact name(s) and address(s) to appear on the navigable waterways easement. Provide the full legal name of the Applicant or the entity name on file with the Idaho Secretary of State.

Applicant Name:  8LH PROPERTIES LLC &  BRIAN HIRSCH	Authorized Representative (if applicable)  BRIAN HIRSCHI
Street Address  1217 S BEAR LAKE BLVD.  GARDEN CITY, UTAH  84028	Mailing Address (if different from Street Address)
Email Address(es) brian hirschie hotmail. Com	Phone: (435) 757 4 399
Website Address(es)	Cell/Mobile: ( )

#### **LOCATION OF PROPOSED USE**

Township	Range	Section	<u>Description</u> (to the quarter-quarter or Government Lot, If  applicable)	County	<u>Water Body</u>	Acres
155	14E	24	207 6 , 207 7,	BEAR	BEAR LAKE	18
			NESW & SESW			

(IDL Fund for Navigable Waterways is ND)

PROPOSED USE (list specific purpose, associated activities, and time frame(s); attach additional pages if necessary)

4ND	<b>ENCROACHMENT</b>	PERMIT	APPLICATION.	
				:

#### NOTE:

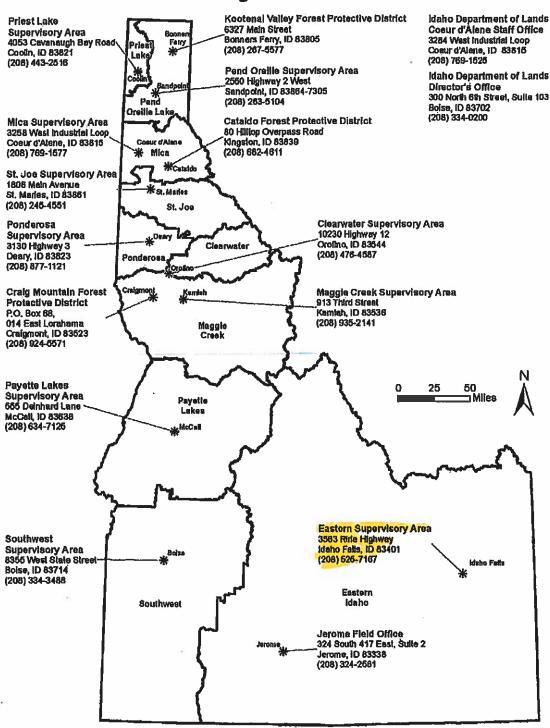
This is not to be considered a complete summary of all the information IDL may require. Additional information may be required as needed on a case-by-case basis. Costs for supporting documents are the responsibility of the applicant. IDL staff will request supporting documentation when they deem it necessary.

I HEREBY REQUEST A NAVIGABLE WATERWAYS EASEMENT FROM THE STATE OF IDAHO AND ACKNOWLEDGE THAT I UNDERSTAND MY OBLIGATIONS DESCRIBED HEREIN.

APPLICANT(S) SIGNATURE:	Brian Hurch.	DATE: 4/26/23	
		DATE:	
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	*** Idaho Department of Lands Administrative Us	Only ***	F19143-004 <b>6</b> 66
RECEIVED BY:	DATE:		
☐ \$500 Fee Submitted with A	pplication	2	
☐ APPROVED or ☐ REJECTED	BY AREA:	DATE:	
form into Lands and Waterway folder to obtain navigable wat			
Navigable Waterways Easeme	ent Number:		
Prior Land Board approval req	uired? >\$25K or unusual/complex? 🗆 Yes 🗀 No		
Approval Checklist			
1)			
Land Records Staff Name (app	roval of legal description and exhibit map)	Date approved	
2)			
Area Navigable Waterways Res	source Specialist or Area Manager	Date approved	
3)			
Navigable Waterways Program	Manager/RPA Bureau Chief	Date approved	

Approvals must be obtained prior to obtaining applicant and Land Board signatures

## Idaho Department of Lands Management Areas



#### WHEN REQUIRED

Uses above, across, over, in, through, upon, and under the beds of state-owned navigable waterways may require a navigable waterways easement. Exceptions include those uses that are typically covered by leases, through a short duration permit, or involve small water delivery structures that draw less than five (5) cubic feet per second of water.

Uses that require a navigable waterways easement are dams, bridges, road fills, power lines, fiber optic cables, pipelines, boat ramps, and other infrastructure that is essentially permanent.

Navigable waterways easement rules-https://adminrules.idaho.gov/rules/current/20/200309.pdf

#### **PROCEDURE**

The procedure for acquiring a navigable waterways easement across state-owned navigable waterways is as follows:

- 1. Contact the appropriate IDL Supervisory Area Office to discuss the need and location of the proposed use. If the Supervisory Area Office determines that a navigable waterways easement is needed for the proposed use, the applicant may complete the application form and send in the \$500 application fee with the information required under item 3.
- 2. Checks for the \$500 application fee should be made out to IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF LANDS. Supplemental compensation may be required at a later date for dams and for uses that substitute state-owned navigable waterways over the adjacent uplands. See item 6 below.
- 3. Submit a letter of request stating the purpose of the navigable waterways easement with a Record of Survey showing the easement and a written description of the centerline or metes and bounds survey of the easement. The entry and exit points of the use in and out of the state-owned navigable waterway should each be tied to at least one legal corner. A digital copy of each of the following will speed the processing of the application:

The legal description as an MS Word file

A .pdf of the legal description signed and stamped by a Licensed Surveyor

Record of survey or exhibit as a .pdf

ESRI shapefiles of the easement (see CAD Drawing Standards for GIS Submittals)

(Note: Other methods may be considered after consultation with IDL staff for guidance.)

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PROVIDED WHEN
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THAT AN EASEMENT
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ergy Regulatory ENGOGGY.

4. Term easements for hydroelectric facilities are typically coordinated with the Federal Energy Regulatory

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5. General Liability Insurance may be required to protect the Grantee and the state from liabilities incurred

- 5. General Liability Insurance may be required to protect the Grantee and the state from liabilities incurred through the use of state property. If required, proof of insurance must be submitted before the final documents are issued. The State of Idaho and Idaho Department of Lands must be listed as additional insured in the certificate of insurance.
- 6. Supplemental compensation, when required, will be due upon signature by the Applicant.
- a. Navigable waterways easements for all hydroelectric dams and any dam in excess of ten (10) feet in height require supplemental compensation of one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00) plus five dollars (\$5.00) per megawatt of the nameplate rating for hydroelectric dams.
- b. Navigable waterways easements for uses that substitute state-owned navigable waters over the use of uplands will require supplemental compensation based on the market value of the adjacent uplands.

#### Receipts for Previously-submitted documents:

Receipt 10545: Additional fee for Encroachment Application

Receipt 10546: Lease Application fee Receipt 10547: Easement Application fee

Two pages including cover sheet

Idaho Department of Lands Miscellaneous Cash Receipt 10545
Date 14 27 2023
Received from Porty Mountain Environmental
the thousand dellars at 00/100 Dollars
FOR: IDL Encronchment App Pec
\$ 2,000.00 BY: Tommy Bracks
WHITE COPY - Payce YELLOW COPY - Director's Office PINK COPY - Local Office
Idaho Department of Lands Miscellaneous Cash Receipt 10546
Date 64 27 7 923
Received from Rocky Manha Environment
are hundred and fifty dollars of 00/100 Dollars
FOR: IDL hease Application Fee
\$ 150.00 BY: Tanny Breaks
WHITE COPY Payee YELLOW COPY Director's Office PINK COPY Local Office
Idaho Department of Lands
Miscellaneous Cash Receipt 10547
Date _b4 27 2023
Received from Lacky Membria Equipments
fue hydrel dellars of place - Dollars
FOR: IDL Ensement Application
\$ 500.00 BY: Tommy Brooks
WHITE COPY - Payee YELLOW COPY - Director's Office PINK COPY - Local Office